The second record of a representative of the marine genus Penzancia de Man, 1889 (Nematoda: Monhysterida: Xyalidae) in soil

S.Ya. TSALOLIKHIN

S.Ya. Tsalolikhin, Zoological Institute, Russian Academy of Sciences, Universitetskaya nab. 1, St. Petersburg 199034, Russia.

The article provides a brief description of *Penzancia* sp. from soil under moss from Tunisia. The species is morphologically close to *P. terricola* .

Key words: free-living nematodes, Penzancia, new record, Tunisia.

INTRODUCTION

The genus *Penzancia* de Man, 1889 includes a number of species characteristic for marine, brackish and partially freshwater habitats. The discovery of *P. terricola* Andrássy, 1985 in Hungary in soil around maize roots (Andrássy, 1985) was perplexing. No less surprising was the discovery of a representative of this genus in moss beneath

cork oak trees (*Quercus suber*) on the frontier between Tunisia and Algeria in the Atlas Mountains (36°45′N 8°41′E). Unfortunately the material is only represented by a single male that does not allow a sufficiently reliable description of a new species, even though it is highly probable that the species discovered in Tunisia is new for science.

Penzancia sp.

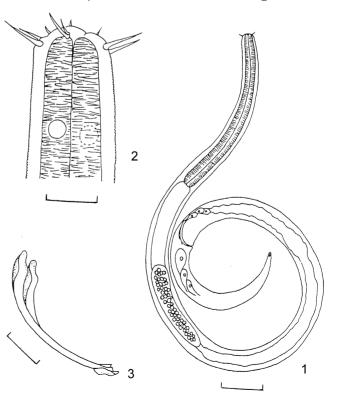
(Figs 1-3)

Male: L=857 μm, a=39, b=5.4, c=6.6, c´=5.6, spic. 37 μm, gub. 14 μm.

Figs 1-3. *Penzancia* sp. 1, entire body; 2, head; 3, spicula. Scales: $1-40 \mu m$; 2, $3-10 \mu m$.

Cuticle thin and very faintly annulated. Head diameter 14 μ m; cephalic setae 9 μ m long. Amphid (diameter 4.5 μ m) situated at 18 μ m from anterior end. Oesophagus 159 μ m long; tail 130 μ m long.

Morphologically the species is close to P. terricola but differs from it in the body length and length of the spicula (37 μ m vs 30 μ m). From P. gobiensis Tsalolikhin, 1985 (brackish water lakes in Mongolia: Tsalo-



likhin, 1985) the Tunisian species differs in the body length, length of the spicula (37 μ m vs. 50 μ m) and the index c′ (5.6 vs. 10.6).

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