# Second addition to the revision of Itarinae (Orthoptera: Gryllidae)

### A.V. Gorochov

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A new subgenus of the genus Itara with a new species from Kalimantan are described.

A.V. Gorochov, Zoological Institute, Russian Academy of Sciences, Universitetskaya nab. 1, St. Petersburg 199034, Russia.

#### Genus Itara Walk.

## Subgenus Maxitara subgen. n.

Type species: Itara (Maxitara) maxima sp. n.

Diagnosis. Male tegmina with strongly transverse mirror and normal oblique veins (Fig. 1), as in the subgenera Itara, Phormincter Sauss., Singitara Gor., Noctitara Gor., and Micritara Gor. Male genitalia with comparatively short and simple ectoparameres more or less similar to those of Noctitara, Singitara, and Micritara, but upper surface of epiphallus with a pair of longitudinal rows of denticles near its apical part and with a transverse ridge on the apical part (Figs 4-6).

Composition. Only type species.

## Itara (Maxitara) maxima sp. n.

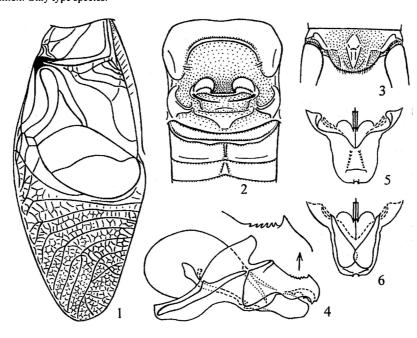
Holotype. o', Kalimantan, "Nord-Borneo, Waterstradt" (Zoological Institute, St. Petersburg).

Description. Male (holotype). Size large. Shape of body typical of this genus. Coloration almost uniformly brown. Pronotum strongly narrowing in front. Tegmina large; their venation as in Fig. 1; hind wings distinctly longer than tegmina. Metanotal gland as in Fig. 2. Anal plate simple (Fig. 3). Genitalia as in Figs 4-6.

Female unknown.

Length (mm). Body 21; body with wings 32; pronotum 3.3; tegmina 24; hind femora 13.

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Figs 1-6. Itara maxima sp. n., o'. 1, dorsal part of tegmen; 2, metanotal gland; 3, anal plate; 4, genitalia from side; 5, 6, their distal part from above (5) and from below (6).