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UDC [Universal Decimal classification] 598.112

[empty line]

The use of GIS modeling for the analysis of the distribution of three-lined lizard, *Lacerta media* Lantz et Cyrén, 1920, in the territory of Dagestan (Russia)

[empty line]

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[empty line]

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[empty line]

ABSTRACT [200–300 words for manuscripts exceeding 20000 characters]

[Text of Abstract in English]

[empty line]

Key words [in alphabetic order]: area, Dagestan, Caucasus, *Lacerta media*, MaxEnt, modeling [empty line]

Submitted July 13, 2017; revised October 15, 2018; accepted November 19, 2018.

* Corresponding author / Автор-корреспондент.

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Использование ГИС-моделирования для анализа распространения средней ящерицы, Lacerta media

Lantz et Cyrén, 1920, на территории Дагестана (Россия)

[empty line]

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[empty line]

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Ключевые слова [order as in English variant]: ареал, Дагестан, Кавказ, *Lacerta media*, MaxEnt, моделирование

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Представлена 13 июля 2017; после доработки 15 октября 2018; принята 19 ноября 2018.

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INTRODUCTION

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Institutional abbreviations [in alphabetic order]. ZIN, Zoological Institute of the Russian Academy of Sciences (Saint Petersburg, Russia); PIN, Paleontological Institute of the Russian Academy of Sciences (Moscow, Russia).

MATERIAL AND METHODS

[empty line]

SYSTEMATICS [**RESULTS** – for non-taxonomic papers]

[Number and sequence of sections below may vary, see below]

[empty line]

Superfamily Testudinoidea Batsch, 1788

Family Lindholmemydidae Chkhikvadze in Shuvalov et Chkhikvadze, 1975

Genus Mongolemys Khosatzky et Młynarski, 1971

Mongolemys [species name] Sukhanov et Danilov sp. nov.

(Figs 1–3, 4A, 5B–D. Pl. I, figs. 1, 2)

[empty line]

Holotype. [Collection number], complete skeleton; Nogon Tsav locality, Transaltai Gobi, Mongolia; Nemegt Formation, Upper Cretaceous, Maastrichtian; Coll.: V.B. Sukhanov, 1976.

[empty line]

Paratype. [Collection number], complete shell; Nogon Tsav locality, Transaltai Gobi, Mongolia; Nemegt Formation, Upper Cretaceous, Maastrichtian; Coll.: V.B. Sukhanov, 1976.

[empty line]

Material. [Collection number], complete shell; Nogon Tsav locality, Transaltai Gobi, Mongolia; Nemegt Formation, Upper Cretaceous, Maastrichtian; Coll.: V.B. Sukhanov, 1976. [Instead or in addition to subdivisions "Holotype", "Paratype(s)" and "Material", subdivisions "Type material" and "Type depositories" may be used.] [empty line]

Etymology.

[empty line]

Differential diagnosis. New species differs from all other species of the genus by ... [If subdivision "**Diagnosis**" is used, then subdivision "**Comparison**" must be present].

[empty line]

Description [Redescription].

[empty line]

Remarks.

[empty line]

Distribution.

[empty line]

DISCUSSION

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CONCLUSION

[empty line]

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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REFERENCES

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1. Papers in periodicals:

Gnezdilov V.M. and Wilson M.R. 2008. Revision of the genus *Falcidius* Stål (Hemiptera: Fulgoroidea: Issidae). *Journal of Natural History*, **42**(21–22): 1447–1475. https://doi.org/10.1080/00222930802106229

2. Monographs and books:

Balashov Yu.S. 1998. Ixodid ticks – parasites and vectors of infections. Nauka, Saint Petersburg, 287 p. [In Russian].

Meigen J.W. 1800. Nouvelle classification des mouches à deux ailes (Diptera L.) d'après un plan tout nouveau. Perronneau, Paris, 40 p.

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Cumming J.M. and Wood D.M. 2009. Adult morphology and terminology. In: B.V. Brown, A. Borkent, J.M. Cumming, D.M. Wood and M. Zumbado (Eds). Manual of Central American Diptera. Vol. 1. NRC Research Press. Ottawa: 9–50.

Du Puy D.J. and Moat J. 1996. A refined classification of the primary vegetation of Madagascar based on the underlying geology: using GIS to map its distribution and to assess its conservation status. In: W.R. Lourenco (Ed.). Biogeographie de Madagascar. ORSTOM, Paris: 205–218.

4. Abstracts of presentations at congresses and symposia:

Trikolidi F.A. 2008. The remains of chondrichtian fish Hexanchidae from the Lower Cretaceous inthe Crimea. Materials of 4th All–Russian Meeting: The Cretaceous system in Russia and the near abroad: problems of stratigraphy and paleogeography (19–23 September 2008, Novosibirsk). Siberian branch of the Russian Academy of Sciences, Novosibirsk: 174–176. [In Russian].

5. Theses:

Kurey W.J. 1976. Ectoparasitic Acarina (Analgoidea) from non-passeriform birds of North America. MS thesis. Youngstown State University, Youngstown, 60 p.

6. Theses' abstracts:

Mironov S.V. 1998. Feather mites of the families Avenzoariidae and Alloptidae (systematics, phylogeny and coevolutionary relationships with birds). Abstract of the Doctor of Biological Sciences thesis. TzOP SPBGU, Saint Petersburg, 46 p. [In Russian].

7. Software programs:

Sorenson M.D. 1999. TreeRot. Version 2. University of Boston, Boston.

8. Internet resources:

Beccaloni G.W. 2014. Cockroach Species File Online. Version 5.0/5.0. World Wide Web electronic publication. Available from: http://Cockroach.SpeciesFile.org (accessed 24 April 2018) [empty line]

FIGURE CAPTIONS

[empty line]

Fig. 1. Distribution of wax glands on the body of mealybugs: A – ovipositor species; B – ovoviviparous species. **TABLES** [separate file for each table]

Table 1. Measurements (mm) of the mandible of the woolly mammoth (*Mammuthus primigenius*).