

ANNOTATED CHECKLIST OF RECENT AND FOSSIL SPECIES OF THE FAMILY BELIDAE  
(COLEOPTERA) FROM THE WORLD FAUNA

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**Key words:** Coleoptera, Belidae, Belinae, Oxycoryninae, world fauna, annotated checklist.

**Ключевые слова:** Coleoptera, Belidae, Belinae, Oxycoryninae, мировая фауна, аннотированный список.

**Summary.** An annotated checklist of family Belidae is compiled. Key to the supraspecific taxa is given. New tribes Distenorrhinoidini Legalov, trib.n. (type genus: *Distenorrhinoides* Gratshev & Zherikhin, 2000) and Alloxcorynini Legalov, trib.n. (type genus: *Alloxcorynus* Voss, 1957), new subtribes Homalocerina Legalov, subtrib.n. (type genus: *Homalocerus* Schoenherr, 1839) of tribe Belini Schoenherr, 1826 and Zherichinixenina Legalov, subtrib.n. (type genus: *Zherichinixena* Legalov, gen.n.) of tribe Metrioxenini Voss, 1953, new genera *Pseudorhinotia* Legalov, gen.n. (type species: *Brentus brunneus* Guerin-Meneville, 1838), *Tasmanobelus* Legalov, gen.n. (type species: *Belus pictirostris* Lea, 1908), *Blackburnibelus* Legalov, gen.n. (type species: *Isacantha bimaculata* Pascoe, 1871), *Pascoebelus* Legalov, gen.n. (type species: *Isacantha exigua* Pascoe, 1873), *Leabelus* Legalov, gen.n. (type species: *Belus simplicipennis* Lea, 1908), *Lyalixena* Legalov, gen.n. (type species: *Metrioxena enderleini* Heller, 1915), *Wallacexena* Legalov, gen.n. (type species: *Metrioxena corporaali* Heller, 1925), *Zherichinixena* Legalov, gen.n. (type species: *Zherichinixena nigra* Legalov, sp.n.), *Vladimirixena* Legalov, gen.n. (type species: *Metrioxena sumatrana* Heller, 1915), new subgenera *Australobelus* Legalov, subgen.n. (type species: *Belus farinarius* Pascoe, 1873) of genus *Orthorhynchus* Kirby, 1819 and *Germaribelus* Legalov, subgen.n. (type species: *Belus sparsus* Germar, 1848) of genus *Stenobelus* Zimmerman, 1999 and new species *Zherichinixena nigra* Legalov, sp.n. from Sumatra are described. New systematic placements are proposed: *Khetana* Zherikhin, 1993, placem.n. from family Nemonychidae to family Belidae; *Araiobelus filiformis* (Germar, 1848), placem.n., *A. inconstans* (Lea, 1908), placem.n., *A. parallelus* (Pascoe, 1872), placem.n., *A. serpens* (Pascoe, 1870), placem.n. and *A. tenis* (Lea, 1899), placem.n. are transferred from genus *Rhinotia* Kirby, 1819 to genus *Araiobelus* Zimmerman, 1994; *Stenobelus acaciae* (Lea, 1899), placem.n., *S. angustata* (Lea, 1917), placem.n., *S. aphthosus* (Pascoe, 1873), placem.n., *S. elegans* (Blackburn, 1893), placem.n. and *S. exilis* (Lea, 1917), placem.n. are transferred from genus *Rhinotia* Kirby, 1819 to genus *Stenobelus* Zimmerman, 1999. Changes of status: *Orthorhynchoides* Legalov, 2007, stat.n. is upgraded from subgenus to genus. Resurrected status: genus *Orthorhynchus* Kirby, 1819, stat.res. 94 new combinations are proposed.

**Резюме.** Составлен систематический список семейства. Представлен определитель надвидовых таксонов. В работе описаны новые триба Distenorrhinoidini Legalov, trib.n. (типовой род: *Distenorrhinoides* Gratshev & Zherikhin, 2000) и Alloxcorynini Legalov, trib.n. (типовой род: *Alloxcorynus* Voss, 1957), новые подтрибы Homalocerina Legalov, subtrib.n. (типовой род: *Homalocerus* Schoenherr, 1839) трибы Belini Schoenherr, 1826 и Zherichinixenina Legalov, subtrib.n. (типовой род: *Zherichinixena* Legalov, gen.n.) трибы Metrioxenini Voss, 1953, новые рода *Pseudorhinotia* Legalov, gen.n. (типовой вид: *Brentus brunneus* Guerin-Meneville, 1838), *Tasmanobelus* Legalov, gen.n. (типовой вид: *Belus pictirostris* Lea, 1908), *Blackburnibelus* Legalov, gen.n. (типовой вид: *Isacantha bimaculata* Pascoe, 1871), *Pascoebelus* Legalov, gen.n. (типовой вид: *Isacantha exigua* Pascoe, 1873), *Leabelus* Legalov, gen.n. (типовой вид: *Belus simplicipennis* Lea, 1908), *Lyalixena* Legalov, gen.n. (типовой вид: *Metrioxena enderleini* Heller, 1915), *Wallacexena* Legalov, gen.n. (типовой вид: *Metrioxena corporaali* Heller, 1925), *Zherichinixena* Legalov, gen.n. (типовой вид: *Zherichinixena nigra* Legalov, sp.n.) и *Vladimirixena* Legalov, gen.n. (типовой вид: *Metrioxena sumatrana* Heller, 1915), новые подрода *Australobelus* Legalov, subgen.n. (типовой вид: *Belus farinarius* Pascoe, 1873) рода *Orthorhynchus* Kirby, 1819 и *Germaribelus* Legalov, subgen.n. (типовой вид: *Belus sparsus* Germar, 1848) рода *Stenobelus* Zimmerman, 1999 и новый вид *Zherichinixena nigra* Legalov, sp.n. с Суматры. Изменено систематическое положение рода (из семейства Nemonychidae в семейство Belidae) и видов *Araiobelus filiformis* (Germar, 1848), placem.n., *A. inconstans* (Lea, 1908), placem.n., *A. parallelus* (Pascoe, 1872), placem.n., *A. serpens* (Pascoe, 1870), placem.n. и *A. tenis* (Lea, 1899), placem.n. из рода *Rhinotia* Kirby, 1819 в род *Araiobelus* Zimmerman, 1994; *Stenobelus acaciae* (Lea, 1899), placem.n., *S. angustata* (Lea, 1917), placem.n., *S. aphthosus* (Pascoe, 1873), placem.n., *S. elegans* (Blackburn, 1893), placem.n. и *S. exilis* (Lea, 1917), placem.n. из рода *Rhinotia* Kirby, 1819 в род *Stenobelus* Zimmerman, 1999. Изменен систематический статус *Orthorhynchoides* Legalov, 2007, stat.n. (из подрода до рода). Восстановлен систематический статус *Orthorhynchus* Kirby, 1819, stat.res. Установлены 94 новые комбинации.

## INTRODUCTION

The paraphyletic family Belidae includes two groups (Belinae and Oxycoryninae) having the 2 sutures joining apically to form a triangle. Belidae was formed from Nemonychidae due to the transition to development in plant tissues and Oxycoryninae diverged from subfamily Belinae.

4 species are described from Early Cretaceous (Belinae (2), Brazil, Spain and Oxycoryninae (2), Spain, Russia: Khabarovskii krai), 1 species from Eocene (Oxycoryninae, Baltic Amber) and 1 species from Lower Oligocene (Oxycoryninae, USA: Florissant) [Gratshev, Zherikhin, 2000; Scudder, 1893; Voss, 1953; Whalley, Jarzembowski, 1985; Zherichin, Gratshev, 2004; Zherikhin, 1993; Zherikhin, Gratshev, 1997].

The undescribed Eocene fossil forms are known from Europe: Rhopalotria Chevrolat, 1878 (France) [Zherichin, pers. com.] and Metrioxenini (Baltic Amber) [Weitschat, Wichard, 2002].

141 recent species from 38 genera of the subfamily Belinae are distributed in the South America, Australia, New Guinea, Solomon Islands and New Zealand (fig. 1) and 207 recent species from 17 genera of the subfamily Oxycoryninae in the southeast North America, Central and South America, Polynesia, Melanesia, Micronesia, Hawaiian Islands, Canary Islands, North Africa, Southern Africa, Southeast Asia, Soenda Islands, New Zealand and New Caledonia (fig. 2).

Present paper continues the author's research into primitive weevils [Legalov, 2003, 2007, 2009a, 2009b, 2009c].



Fig. 1. Distribution of recent and fossil *Belinae*. Remarks: pentagon – locations of the finds of Cretaceous taxa.  
 Рис. 1. Распространение современных и ископаемых видов подсемейства *Belinae*. Замечания: пятиугольник – находки меловых таксонов.



Fig. 2. Distribution of recent and fossil *Oxycoryninae*. Remarks: pentagon – locations of the finds of Cretaceous taxa, square – location of the find of Eocene taxa; circle – locations of the finds of Oligocene taxa.  
 Рис. 2. Распространение современных и ископаемых видов подсемейства *Oxycoryninae*. Пятиугольник – находки меловых таксонов, квадрат – эоценовых; круг – олигоценовых.

**MATERIAL AND METHODS**

Types and specimens are stored in the following

museums: HNHM – Hungarian Natural History Museum (Hungary: Budapest), ISNB – Institut Royal des Sciences Naturelles de Belgique (Belgium: Brussels), SMTD –

Staatliches Museum für Tierkunde (Germany: Dresden), ZIN – Zoological Institute of Russian Academy of Sciences (Russia: St. Petersburg), SZMN – Siberian Zoological Museum, Institute of Animal Systematics and Ecology (Russia: Novosibirsk) and ZMMU – Zoological Museum of Moscow State University (Russia: Moscow).

In this article the data from the following works were used: Alonso-Zarazaga & Lyal [1999]; Anderson R. [2005]; Anderson W. [1941]; Blackburn [1890, 1893, 1895]; Blackburn & Sharp [1885]; Blanchard [1851, 1853]; Boheman [1839, 1845, 1859]; Boisduval [1835]; Bondar [1947]; Broun [1880, 1893, 1909, 1915, 1921]; Bruch [1912, 1916]; Chevrolat [1832, 1878]; Dalla Torre [1911, 1935]; Erichson [1842]; Fabricius [1775, 1787]; Fairmaire & Germain [1860, 1861]; Faust [1892]; Germar [1848]; Gratshev & Zherichin [2000]; Heller [1901, 1911, 1914, 1915, 1925]; Hustache [1940]; Jekel [1860]; Kuschel [1955, 1959, 1990, 1995, 2000, 2003]; Kuschel & Leschen [2003]; Lea [1899, 1908a, 1908b, 1909a, 1909b, 1910a, 1910b, 1911, 1917, 1919, 1925]; Marshall [1936, 1955]; Marvaldi [2005]; Marvaldi, Oberprieler, Lyal, Bradbury & Anderson [2006]; Menier [1974]; Mermudes [2006]; Montrouzier [1861]; Morrone [1994]; Muniz & Barrera [1969]; Norstag [1987]; Norstag & Fawcett [1989]; Newman [1838]; O'Brien [1991]; Oberprieler [2004]; Oke [1934]; Olliff [1889]; Pascoe [1868, 1870a, 1870b, 1871, 1872b, 1872c, 1873a, 1873b, 1874, 1877, 1885, 1886]; Paulian [1944]; Perkins [1900, 1907, 1910, 1916, 1920, 1926, 1927, 1928a, 1928b, 1931, 1932, 1935, 1936]; Perroud [1853a, 1853b]; Philippi [1859]; Philippi R. & Philippi F. [1864]; Schaeffer [1905]; Schoenherr [1823, 1826, 1840]; Scudder [1893]; Setliff [2007]; Sharp [1876, 1878, 1879, 1881, 1889, 1890]; Swezey [1927]; Tang [1987]; Vanin [1976]; Voss [1935, 1937, 1943, 1953, 1956, 1957, 1965]; Wollaston [1964]; Zherikhin [1993]; Zherikhin & Gratshev [1995, 1997, 2004]; Zimmerman & Perrault [1989]; Zimmerman [1991, 1994] etc.

## RESULTS

### Family Belidae Schoenherr, 1826

Key to subfamilies of the family Belidae

1. Body more or less cylindrical (col. pl. V: a, VI: j). 2nd segment of tarsi more or less elongated, not bilobed. 8th sternite in males with distinct apodeme ..... **Belinae**
- Body flattened (col. pl. XII: a, XIII: h). 2nd segment of tarsi transversal, usually bilobed. 8th sternite in males lacking distinct apodeme ..... **Oxycoryninae**

#### Subfamily Belinae Schoenherr, 1826

(col. pl. V: a-j, 6: a-n, VII: a-j, VIII: a-n, IX: a-k, X: a-i, XIV: 1-10, 12, 13, 17, 18, 20, 25)

Belides Schoenherr, 1826: 73

Type genus: *Belus* Schoenherr, 1823: 1137

Key to supertribes of the subfamily Belinae

1. Rostrum usually short (col. pl. V: j). Scapus little longer than 1st segment of funicle. Scapus and 1st segment shorter than 2 segment of funicle ..... **Pachyuritae**

- rostrum usually long (col. pl. VII: f). Scapus much longer than 1st segment of funicle. Scapus and 1st segment of equal length or longer than 2nd segment of funicle ..... **Belitae**

#### Supertribe Pachyuritae Kuschel, 1959

(col. pl. V: a-j, 6: a-h, j-l, n; XIV: 3-9, 13)

**Pachyurini** Kuschel, 1959: 253

Type genus: *Pachyura* Hope, 1833

Key to tribes of the subpertribe Pachyuritae

1. Frons with striae near eyes ..... **Agnesioidini**
- frons without striae near eyes ..... **Pachyurini**

Tribe **Pachyurini** Kuschel, 1959

(col. pl. V: a-h; XIV: 3-6)

**Pachyurini** Kuschel, 1959: 253

Type genus: *Pachyura* Hope, 1833

Key to genera of the tribe Pachyurini

1. Rostrum very short, shorter than eye ..... **Arhinobelus**
- rostrum distinct ..... 2
2. Antennae inserted near the middle rostrum (col. pl. V: b) .. ..... 3
- antennae inserted near the rostrum basis (col. pl. V: f) ..... 4
3. Elytra without protuberances (col. pl. V: b). 6th segment of funicle widened ..... **Pachyura**
- elytra with protuberances. 6th segment of funicle not widened ..... **Pachybelus**
4. Head almost spherical ..... **Davidibelus**
- head elongated ..... 5
5. Head narrowed behind eyes (col. pl. V: e) ..... 6
- head not narrowed behind eyes (col. pl. V: a) ..... 8
6. Temples short (col. pl. 5: f). Pronotum widest at base. Elytra with metal lustre ..... **Rhcnobelus**
- temples elongated (col. pl. V: e). Pronotum widest at middle. Elytra without metal lustre ..... 7
7. Scutellum protruded over elytra. Temples stronger elongated, narrowed to pronotum ..... **Pachyurinus**
- scutellum not protruded over elytra. Temples weaker elongated, almost parallel ..... **Sphinctobelus**
- 8\*. Prosternum at its shortest point in front of a procoxa several times as long as postcoxal distance. Procoxae inclined caudally and slightly underlapping anterior edge of mesosternum ..... **Habrobelus**
- prosternum at its shortest point in front of a procoxa little longer than postcoxal distance. Procoxae subvertical and well separated from mesosternum. Mesocoxae well exerted ..... **Brachybelus**

\*by Zimmerman [1994]

Genus **Arhinobelus** Zimmerman, 1994

*Arhinobelus* Zimmerman, 1994: 291

Type species: *Arhinobelus agathophagus* Zimmerman, 1994

**Arhinobelus agathophagus** Zimmerman, 1994

*Arhinobelus agathophagus* Zimmerman, 1994: 295

**Distribution.** Australia\*: Queensland.

**Host plants.** Agathis [Zimmerman, 1994].

**Remarks.** The Australian distribution of subfamily Belinae is cited from Zimmerman [1994].

Genus *Callirhynchius* Kuschel, 1955  
*Callirhynchius* Kuschel, 1955: 275  
Type species: *Homalocerus exquisitus* Fairmaire & Germain, 1861

*Callirhynchius exquisitus* (Fairmaire & Germain, 1861)  
*Homalocerus exquisitus* Fairmaire & Germain, 1861: 7  
*Dicordylus amoenus* Pascoe, 1871: 176  
**Distribution.** Chile.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.

Genus *Habrobelus* Zimmerman, 1994  
*Habrobelus* Zimmerman, 1994: 292

Type species: *Habrobelus maculatus* Zimmerman, 1994

*Habrobelus maculatus* Zimmerman, 1994  
*Habrobelus maculatus* Zimmerman, 1994: 303  
**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.

Genus *Hadrobelus* Zimmerman, 1999 (col. pl. V: a)  
*Hadrobelus* Zimmerman, 1999: 40 [RN]  
*Brachybelus* Zimmerman, 1994: 292 non Stal, 1869  
Type species: *Brachybelus undulatus* Zimmerman, 1994

*Hadrobelus undulatus* (Zimmerman, 1994)  
*Brachybelus undulatus* Zimmerman, 1994: 299  
**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland, New South Wales.  
**Host plants.** Araucaria [Zimmerman, 1994].

Genus *Pachybelus* Zimmerman, 1994  
*Pachybelus* Zimmerman, 1994: 292

Type species: *Pachybelus tuberculatus* Zimmerman, 1994

*Pachybelus tuberculatus* Zimmerman, 1994  
*Pachybelus tuberculatus* Zimmerman, 1994: 307  
**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland, New South Wales.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.

Genus *Pachyura* Hope, 1833 (col. pl. V: b-d)  
*Pachyura* Hope, 1833a: 102  
Type species: *Pachyura australis* Hope, 1833

*Pachyura australis* Hope, 1833  
*Pachyura australis* Hope, 1833a: 102  
**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland, New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia, Western Australia, Tasmania.  
**Host plants.** Hakea, Eucalyptus [Zimmerman, 1994].

Genus *Pachyurinus* Kuschel, 1959 (col. pl. V: e)  
*Pachyurinus* Kuschel, 1959: 253  
Type species: *Pachyura stictica* Broun, 1893

*Pachyurinus sticticus* (Broun, 1893)  
*Pachyura stictica* Broun, 1893: 1379  
**Distribution.** New Zealand.  
**Host plants.** Phyllocladus, Podocarpus, Notofagus, Aristotelia [Kuschel, 2003].

Genus *Ricnobelis* Kuschel, 2003 (col. pl. V: f; XIV: 3-5)  
*Ricnobelis* Kuschel, 2003: 24  
Type species: *Pachyura metallica* Pascoe, 1877

*Ricnobelis aenescens* (Broun, 1915)  
*Pachyura aenescens* Broun, 1915: 338  
**Distribution.** New Zealand.  
**Host plants.** Phyllocladus [Kuschel, 2003].

*Ricnobelis metallica* (Pascoe, 1877)  
*Pachyura metallica* Pascoe, 1877: 146  
*Pachyura sumptuosus* Broun, 1880: 470  
*Pachyura albocoma* Broun, 1893: 1233  
*Pachyura venustus* Broun, 1909: 136  
*Pachyura brookesi* Broun, 1921: 567

**Distribution.** New Zealand.  
**Host plants.** Dacrydium, Phyllocladus, Podocarpus [Kuschel, 2003].

*Ricnobelis rubicundus* (Broun, 1880)  
*Pachyura rubicunda* Broun, 1880: 469  
*Pachyura rubicunda* var. *pilosus* Broun, 1909: 137  
*Pachyura violaceus* Broun, 1909: 137

**Distribution.** New Zealand.  
**Host plants.** Podocarpus, Toronia [Kuschel, 2003].

Genus *Agathinus* Broun, 1880 (col. pl. V: g; XIV: 6)  
*Agathinus* Broun, 1880: 470  
Type species: *Rhinaria sextuberculata* White, 1846

*Agathinus tridens* (Fabricius, 1787)  
*Curculio tridens* Fabricius, 1787: 122  
*Rhinaria sextuberculata* White, 1846: 13

**Distribution.** New Zealand.  
**Host plants.** Dacrydium, Phyllocladus, Halocarpus, Podocarpus, Prumnopitys, Cassinia, Olearia, Coprosma, Corokia, Cyathodes, Gaultheria, Hebe [Kuschel, 2003].

Genus *Davidibelus* Zherichin & Gratshev, 2004  
*Davidibelus* Zherichin & Gratshev, 2004: 63  
Type species: *Davidibelus cearensis* Zherichin & Gratshev, 2004

*Davidibelus cearensis* Zherichin & Gratshev, 2004  
*Davidibelus cearensis* Zherichin & Gratshev, 2004: 64  
**Distribution.** Early Cretaceous (Brazil: Santana).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.

Genus *Sphinctobelus* Zimmerman, 1994 (col. pl. V: h)  
*Sphinctobelus* Zimmerman, 1994: 292  
Type species: *Pachyura cinerea* Blanchard, 1853

*Sphinctobelus ater* Zimmerman, 1994  
*Sphinctobelus ater* Zimmerman, 1994: 315  
**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland, New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia, Western Australia, Tasmania.  
**Host plants.** Hakea, Eucalyptus [Zimmerman, 1994].  
*Sphinctobelus cinereus* (Blanchard, 1853)  
*Pachyura cinerea* Blanchard, 1853: 200  
*Pachyura minima* Blackburn, 1895: 221  
*Pachyura fasciata* Lea, 1909b: 197  
**Distribution.** Australia: New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia, Tasmania.  
**Host plants.** Acacia, Eucalyptus [Zimmerman, 1994].  
*Sphinctobelus quadrimaculatus* (Lea, 1917)  
*Pachyura quadrimaculata* Lea, 1917: 615  
**Distribution.** Queensland, New South Wales, Victoria.

**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Sphinctobelus niger* Zimmerman, 1994  
*Sphinctobelus niger* Zimmerman, 1994: 315  
**Distribution.** Queensland.  
**Host plants.** Araucaria [Zimmerman, 1994].  
*Sphinctobelus pyriatrus* (Lea, 1911)  
*Pachyura pyriatra* Lea, 1911: 86  
**Distribution.** Australia: New South Wales.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Sphinctobelus rufibeccus* Zimmerman, 1994  
*Sphinctobelus rufibeccus* Zimmerman, 1994: 315  
**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland, New South Wales, Victoria.  
**Host plants.** Acacia [Zimmerman, 1994].

**Agnesioidini** Zimmerman, 1994  
(col. pl. V: i, j, 6a-c, f-h, j-l, n, VII: d, e; XIV: 7-9, 13)  
Agnesioidini Zimmerman, 1994: 258  
Type genus: *Agnesioidis* Pascoe, 1870

Key to genera of the tribe Agnesioidini

1. Femora without teeth. Meso- and metatibiae lacking crenulated carinae or rows of granules on dorsal margins ..... 2  
– femora with teeth. Meso- and metatibiae with row of granules or crenulated carinae ..... 6
2. Temples of equal length to eyes or longer than them (col. pl. VI: j) ..... *Macrobelus*  
– temples shorter than length of eye ..... 4
- 4\*. Viewed from left side, left mandibles is seen to be tilted upward so that face of mandible slopes dorsal at about 45 degrees and apex of rostrum assumes a somewhat “bulldog-like” appearance and so tilted dorsal that its face and all three mandibular teeth are exposed fully to view from above ..... *Agathobelus*  
– mandibles not so formed, mandibular face subvertical, when viewed from directly above ventral mandibular tooth is hidden from view beneath middle tooth ..... 5
- 5\*. Rostrum, viewed from above, with distance from eye to middle of scrobe subequal to distance between scrobe and base of epistoma, latter distance shorter than width of frons. Antennal segments 4, 5 and 7 produced angulately downward into short, setose, apical points on male. Procoxal cavities completely separated, because narrow, elongate, anterior, intercoxal process is produced caudad to meet elongate, subhorizontal prosternellum which extends to about middle of procoxae ..... *Apagobelus*  
– rostrum, viewed from above, with distance between anterior margin of an eye to scrobes much shorter than distance from that point to epistoma, latter distance much greater than width of frons. Antennal segments 4 to 7 of unmodified normal form on male. Procoxal cavities confluent, because broad anterior intercoxal process does not meet short ..... *Basiliobelus*
6. Elytra sharply narrowed to apex (col. pl. VI: a) ..... *Atractulus*  
– elytra slightly narrowed to apex (col. pl. VI: f) ..... 7
7. Elytra with 3 teeth. Apex of elytra with thorns (col. pl. VI: c). Body with appressed setae ..... *Cyrotiphus*  
– elytra without teeth. Apex of elytra without long and

- sharp thorns (col. pl. VI: f) ..... 8  
8. Body narrower (col. pl. V: i). Temples elongated. Apex of elytra without thorns and smoothly narrowed in apical third ..... *Agnesioidis*  
– body wider (col. pl. V: h). Temples short. Apex of elytra with weak thorns or teeth and sharply narrowed in apical third ..... *Dicordylus*  
\*by Zimmerman [1994]

Genus *Agathobelus* Zimmerman, 1994  
*Agathobelus* Zimmerman, 1994: 259  
Type species: *Agathobelus bivittatus* Zimmerman, 1994

*Agathobelus bivittatus* Zimmerman, 1994  
*Agathobelus bivittatus* Zimmerman, 1994: 262  
**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland.  
**Host plants.** Agathis [Zimmerman, 1994].

Genus *Agnesioidis* Pascoe, 1870 (col. pl. V: i)  
*Agnesioidis* Pascoe, 1870b: 474  
Type species: *Agnesioidis pilosula* Pascoe, 1870

*Agnesioidis pilosula* Pascoe, 1870  
*Agnesioidis pilosula* Pascoe, 1870b: 474  
*Agnesioidis pilosula* var. *composita* Lea, 1908a: 151  
**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland, New South Wales, Victoria.  
**Host plants.** Acacia [Zimmerman, 1994].

Genus *Apagobelus* Zimmerman, 1994  
*Apagobelus* Zimmerman, 1994: 259  
Type species: *Pachyura brevirostris* Lea, 1917

*Apagobelus brevirostris* (Lea, 1917)  
*Pachyura brevirostris* Lea, 1917: 615  
**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland, New South Wales.  
**Host plants.** Agathis, Araucaria [Zimmerman, 1994].

Genus *Basiliobelus* Zimmerman, 1994  
*Basiliobelus* Zimmerman, 1994: 259  
Type species: *Basiliobelus flavovittatus* Zimmerman, 1994

*Basiliobelus alveatus* Zimmerman, 1994  
*Basiliobelus alveatus* Zimmerman, 1994: 272  
**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Basiliobelus flavovittatus* Zimmerman, 1994  
*Basiliobelus flavovittatus* Zimmerman, 1994: 272  
**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland, New South Wales.  
**Host plants.** Araucaria [Zimmerman, 1994].  
*Basiliobelus lepidus* Zimmerman, 1994  
*Basiliobelus lepidus* Zimmerman, 1994: 272  
**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.

Genus *Cyrtiphys* Pascoe, 1870 (col. pl. V: j, VI: c)  
*Cyrtiphys* Pascoe, 1870b: 445  
Type species: *Cyrtiphys fascicularis* Pascoe, 1870  
*Agathinus* Broun, 1880: 470; type species: *Rhinotia sextuberculata* White, 1846 [= *Curculio tridens* Fabricius, 1787]  
*Lebus* Lea, 1899: 604; type species: *Lebus diurus* Lea, 1899 [= *Agnesioidis blanda* Faust, 1892]

**Cyrttyphus blandus** (Faust, 1892) (col. pl. V: j, VI: c)  
*Agnesiotes blanda* Faust, 1892: 180  
*Lebus diurus* Lea, 1899: 604  
**Distribution.** Australia: New South Wales, Victoria.  
**Host plants.** Eucalyptus [Zimmerman, 1994].  
**Remarks.** The lectotype is designated by the author – a female from the collection SMTD with labels “Austral. Deyrolle”, “*blanda* Faust”, “Coll. J. Faust Ankauf 1900”, “Type”, “Staatl. Museum für Tierkunde, Dresden”, “Lectotype *Agnesiotes blanda* Faust, 1892, A. Legalov des. 2005”.

**Cyrttyphus fascicularis** Pascoe, 1870  
*Cyrttyphus fascicularis* Pascoe, 1870b: 445  
**Distribution.** Australia: Western Australia.  
**Host plants.** Callitris [Zimmerman, 1994].  
**Cyrttyphus variegatus** Lea, 1919  
*Cyrttyphus variegatus* Lea, 1919: 746  
**Distribution.** Tasmania.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
**Cyrttyphus vestitus** (Pascoe, 1873)  
*Pachyura vestita* Pascoe, 1873a: 279  
**Distribution.** Australia: New South Wales.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.

Genus **Atractuchus** Vanin, 1976 (col. pl. VI: a, b; VII: d, e)  
*Atractuchus* Vanin, 1976: 16  
 Type species: *Rhinotia annulifera* Philippi, 1859

**Atractuchus annuliferus** (Philippi, 1859)  
*Rhinotia annulifera* Philippi, 1859: 1086  
**Distribution.** Chile.  
**Host plants.** Podocarpus [Kuschel, 1959].  
**Atractuchus argus** (Fairmaire & Germain, 1860)  
*Homalocerus argus* Fairmaire & Germain, 1860: 6  
*Dicordylus pupillatus* Pascoe, 1871: 175  
**Distribution.** Argentina, Chile.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.

Genus **Dicordylus** Lacordaire, 1863  
 (col. pl. VI: f-h; XIV: 7-9, 13)  
*Dicordylus* Lacordaire, 1863: 523

Type species: *Dicordylus ithyceroides* Lacordaire, 1863  
 [= *Homalocerus balteatus* Fairmaire & Germain, 1860]

**Dicordylus balteatus** (Fairmaire & Germain, 1860)  
*Homalocerus balteatus* Fairmaire & Germain, 1860: 6  
*Dicordylus ithyceroides* Lacordaire, 1863: 523  
*Dicordylus luctuosus* Pascoe, 1871: 176  
**Distribution.** Chile.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
**Dicordylus binotatus** (Philippi, 1859)  
*Rhinotia binotata* Philippi, 1859: 1085  
**Distribution.** Chile.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
**Dicordylus serranus** Vanin, 1976  
*Dicordylus serranus* Vanin, 1976: 11  
**Distribution.** Brazil.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
**Dicordylus marmoratus** (Philippi, 1859)  
*Rhinotia marmorata* Philippi, 1859: 1085  
*Homalocerus albidivarius* Fairmaire & Germain, 1860: 6

*Dicordylus heilipioides* Lacordaire, 1863: 523  
**Distribution.** Chile.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
**Dicordylus vanini** Mermudes, 2006  
*Dicordylus vanini* Mermudes, 2006: 74  
**Distribution.** Brazil.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.

Genus **Macrobelus** Lea, 1909 (col. pl. VI: j-l, n)  
*Belus* subgen. *Macrobelus* Lea, 1909a: 6  
 Type species: *Belus insignis* Lea, 1909

**Macrobelus insignis** (Lea, 1909) (col. pl. VI: j-l, n)  
*Belus insignis* Lea, 1909a: 6  
**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
**Remarks.** The lectotype is designated by the author – a female from the ISNB collection with labels “Fig. Gén. Ins.”, “Type”, “Determination A. Lea”, “*Macrobelus insignis* Lea, Queensland, Cotype”, “Coll. I.R.Sc.N.B., Australia”, “Lectotype *Belus insignis* Lea, 1909, A. Legalov des. 2009”.

#### Supertribe Belitae Schoenherr, 1826

(col. pl. VI: i, m; VII: a-j; VIII: a-n; IX: a-k; X: a-i; XIV: 1, 2, 10, 12, 17, 18, 20, 25)  
*Belides* Schoenherr, 1826: 73  
 Type genus: *Belus* Schoenherr, 1823

#### Tribe Belini Schoenherr, 1826

(col. pl. VI: i, m; VII: a-j; VIII: a-n; IX: a-k; X: a-i; XIV: 1, 2, 10, 12, 17, 18, 20, 25)  
*Belides* Schoenherr, 1826: 73  
 Type genus: *Belus* Schoenherr, 1823

#### Key to subtribes of the tribe Belini

1. Labial palps 3-segmented. Antennae inserted near the middle of rostrum (col. pl. VII: i) ..... **Belina**  
 – labial palps 1-segmented. Antennae inserted near the rostrum basis (col. pl. X: h) ..... **Homalocera**

#### Subtribe Belina Schoenherr, 1826

(col. pl. VI: i, m; VII: a-j; VIII: a-n; IX: a-j; X: a-f; XIV: 1, 2, 10, 12, 18, 20, 25)  
*Belides* Schoenherr, 1826: 73  
 Type genus: *Belus* Schoenherr, 1823: 1137

#### Key to genera of the subtribe Belina

1. Femora without teeth ..... 2  
 – femora with teeth ..... 7
2. Apex of elytra more or less elongated (col. pl. VIII: a).  
 (Orthorhynchus) ..... 3  
 – apex of elytra not elongated (col. pl. VI: i, m) ..... 5
3. Apex of elytra slightly elongated (col. pl. VIII: e) .....  
 ..... **Australobelus**  
 – apex of elytra elongated ..... 4
4. Elytra with ribbed intervals (col. pl. VIII: e). Body wider.  
 Elytra irregularly granulated ..... **Orthorhynchus** s. str.  
 – elytra with flat intervals (col. pl. VIII: c). Body narrower.

- Elytra with rows of granules ..... *Pararhinotia*
5. Body very narrow (col. pl. VI: i) ..... *Araiobelus*  
– body wider (col. pl. VII: i) ..... 6
6. Body usually red-brown. Metafemora not elongated, reaching 1st ventrite ..... *Rhinotia*  
– body dark. Metafemora elongated, reaching 2nd ventrite ..  
..... *Isacanthodes*
7. Body very narrow (col. pl. IX: j). (*Stenobelus*) ..... 8  
– body wider ..... 9
8. Profemora in males strongly widened ..... *Germaribelus*  
– profemora in males slightly widened ..... *Stenobelus* s. str.
- 9\*. Base of elytral suture strongly elevated to form a conspicuous tuberosity that rises above level of scutellum (col. pl. VII: f) ..... *Isacantha*  
– base of suture of elytra not elevated above scutellum .... 10
10. Metathorax convex. Apex of elytra with thorns. Antennae widened (col. pl. IX: i) ..... *Rhinotiodes*  
– metathorax of typical structure. Apex of elytra without thorns. Antennae not widened ..... 11
11. Body wider and smaller (6.7 mm in length) ..... *Montsecobelus*  
– body narrower and larger (8.5 mm in length) ..... 12
12. Precoxal part of prothorax in males elongated (col. pl. VIII: h). Pronotum in females elongated with almost direct sides (col. pl. VIII: f). Rostrum in males serrated on sides ..  
..... *Pseudorhinotia*  
– precoxal part of prothorax in males not elongated. Pronotum in females with rounded sides. Rostrum in males not serrated on sides ..... 13
13. Apex of elytra more or less elongated (col. pl. VIII: l; IX: a) (*Orthorhynchoides*) ..... 14  
– apex of elytra rounded or slightly elongated (col. pl. IX: h) ..... 15
14. Body with metal lustre (col. pl. IX: e) ... *Guineorhinotia*  
– body without metal lustre (col. pl. VIII: j) .....  
..... *Orthorhynchoides* s. str.
15. Apex of elytra slightly elongated ..... 16  
– apex of elytra rounded ..... 17
16. 2nd segment of funicle longer than 3rd segment. 1st interval of elytra convex near scutellum. Rostrum long ..... *Tasmanobelus*  
– 2nd segment of funicle shorter than 3rd segment. 1st interval of elytra flat near scutellum. Rostrum short .....  
..... *Blackburnibelus*
17. Rostrum direct and widened. Body dark ..... *Pascoeobelus*  
– rostrum curved and not widened. Body dark. Elytra and partially pronotum red-brown ..... *Leabelus*

\*by Zimmerman [1994]

Genus *Araiobelus* Zimmerman, 1994  
(col. pl. VI: i, m; X: a-c)  
*Araiobelus* Zimmerman, 1994: 327  
Type species: *Belus acicularis* Pascoe, 1872

*Araiobelus acicularis* (Pascoe, 1873)  
*Belus acicularis* Pascoe, 1873b: 458  
*Belus nigriceps* Lea, 1908b: 227  
**Distribution.** Australia: New South Wales, Western Australia, Tasmania.

**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Araiobelus floccosus* (Lea, 1917)  
*Belus floccosus* Lea, 1917: 610  
**Distribution.** Australia: South Australia, Western Australia.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Araiobelus filiformis* (Germar, 1848), comb.n., placem.n.  
*Belus filiformis* Germar, 1848: 207  
**Distribution.** Australia: New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia.  
**Host plants.** Acacia [Zimmerman, 1994].  
*Araiobelus filum* (Jekel, 1860)  
*Belus filum* Jekel, 1860: 231  
*Belus longicornis* Lea, 1899: 599  
*Belus rubicundus* Lea, 1899: 599  
*Belus filus* Lea, 1908b: 234  
**Distribution.** Australia: New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia, Western Australia, King Isl., Tasmania.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Araiobelus inconstans* (Lea, 1908), comb.n., placem.n. (col. pl. X: a-c)  
*Belus inconstans* Lea, 1908b: 152  
**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland, New South Wales.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
**Remarks.** The lectotype is designated by the author – a female from the ISNB collection with labels “Endeavour R.”, “Type”, “Determination A. Lea”, “*Belus inconstans* Lea, Queensland, Cotype”, “Coll. I.R.Sc.N.B., Australia”, “Lectotype *Belus inconstans* Lea, 1908, A. Legalov des. 2009”. The specimen described in work by Zimmermann [1994: 434, figure 278] belongs to genus *Orthorhynchus* (subgenus *Pararhinotia*).  
*Araiobelus maculipennis* (Lea, 1925)  
*Belus maculipennis* Lea, 1925: 426  
**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Araiobelus parallelus* (Pascoe, 1872), comb.n., placem.n.  
*Belus parallelus* Pascoe, 1872a: 458  
**Distribution.** Australia: Western Australia.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Araiobelus serpens* (Pascoe, 1870), comb.n., placem.n.  
*Belus serpens* Pascoe, 1870b: 475  
*Belus abdominalis* Blackburn, 1893: 187  
**Distribution.** Australia: Western Australia.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Araiobelus tennis* (Lea, 1899), comb.n., placem.n.  
*Belus tennis* Lea, 1899: 597  
*Belus tennis v. tarsalis* Lea, 1899: 598  
**Distribution.** Australia: New South Wales, Victoria.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.

Genus *Isacantha* Hope, 1833 (col. pl. VII: a-h; XIV: 1, 2)  
*Isacantha* Hope, 1833b: 63  
Type species: *Isacantha rhynchitoides* Hope, 1833

*Isacantha dermestlventris* (Boisduval, 1835)  
*Rhinotia dermestlventris* Boisduval, 1835: 301  
*Rhinotia pectoralis* Erichson, 1842: 185  
*Belus fumigatus* Germar, 1848: 208  
*Isacantha grayi* Jekel, 1860: 234  
*Pachyura albicollis* Lea, 1899: 603

**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland, New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia, Tasmania.

**Host plants.** Eucalyptus, Nothophagus [Zimmerman, 1994].

*Isacantha inculta* Olliff, 1889

*Isacantha inculta* Olliff, 1889: 92

**Distribution.** Australia: Lord Howe Isl.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Isacantha interrupta* (Lea, 1917)

*Belus interruptus* Lea, 1917: 599

**Distribution.** Australia: Old.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Isacantha punctirostris* (Lea, 1908) (col. pl. VII: c-e)

*Belus punctirostris* Lea, 1908a: 155

**Distribution.** Australia: South Australia.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

**Remarks.** The lectotype is designated by the author – a female from the ISNB collection with labels “Adelaide”, “Coll. Castelnaud, Coll. Roelofs”, “Type”, “*Belus punctirostris* Lea, S. Australia, Cotype”, “Determination A. Lea”, “Coll. I.R.Sc.N.B., Australia”, “Lectotype *Belus punctirostris* Lea, 1908, A. Legalov des. 2009”.

*Isacantha rhynchitoides* Hope, 1833

*Isacantha rhynchitoides* Hope, 1833b: 102

*Isacantha congesta* Pascoe, 1871: 98

**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland, New South Wales, South Australia.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Isacantha serrata* Lea, 1908 (col. pl. VII: f-h)

*Isacantha serrata* Lea, 1908a: 149

**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

**Remarks.** The lectotype is designated by the author – a female from the ISNB collection with labels “Gayndah”, “Belg. M.”, “Your specimen was a female with damaged legs. I have kept it ... in place or it send this male which is in perfect condition”, “Type”, “Determination A. Lea”, “*Isacantha serrata* Lea, Queensland, Cotype”, “Coll. I.R.Sc.N.B., Australia”, “Lectotype *Isacantha serrata* Lea, 1908, A. Legalov des. 2009”.

Genus *Isacanthodes* Zimmerman, 1994

*Isacanthodes* Zimmerman, 1994: 326

Type species: *Pachyura monilis* Newman, 1838

*Isacanthodes ganglionica* (Pascoe, 1873)

*Belus ganglionicus* Pascoe, 1873a: 280

**Distribution.** Australia: New South Wales.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Isacanthodes monilis* (Newman, 1838)

*Pachyura monilis* Newman, 1838: 173

*Pachyura papulosa* Pascoe, 1871: 99

*Isacantha papulosa* v. *nigra* Oke, 1934: 262

**Distribution.** Australia: New South Wales, Victoria.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

Genus *Montsecbelus* Zherikhin & Gratshev, 1997

*Montsecbelus* Zherikhin & Gratshev, 1997: 626

Type species: *Eobelus solutus* Whalley & Jarzembowski, 1985

*Montsecbelus solutus* (Whalley & Jarzembowski, 1985)

*Eobelus solutus* Whalley & Jarzembowski, 1985: 400

**Distribution.** Early Cretaceous (Spain: Montsec Range).

**Host plants.** Unknown.

Genus *Rhinotia* Kirby, 1819

(col. pl. VII: i, j, XIV: 10, 18, 20)

*Rhinotia* Kirby, 1819: 426

Type species: *Rhinotia haemoptera* Kirby, 1819

*Rhinotia apicalis* Zimmermann, 1994

*Rhinotia apicalis* Zimmermann, 1994: 365

**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland, Western Australia.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Rhinotia cruenta* Pascoe, 1870

*Rhinotia cruenta* Pascoe, 1870b: 476

**Distribution.** Australia: Western Australia.

**Host plants.** Loranthus [Zimmerman, 1994].

*Rhinotia haemoptera* Kirby, 1819

*Rhinotia haemoptera* Kirby, 1819: 427

*Belus kirbyi* Boheman, 1839: 357

**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland, New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia, Tasmania.

**Host plants.** Acacia, Loranthus [Zimmerman, 1994].

*Rhinotia marginella* Boheman, 1839

*Rhinotia marginella* Boheman, 1839: 356

**Distribution.** Australia: New South Wales.

**Host plants.** Acacia [Zimmerman, 1994].

*Rhinotia parva* (Lea, 1908)

*Belus parvus* Lea, 1908b: 237

**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland, New South Wales.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Rhinotia princeps* Zimmermann, 1994

*Rhinotia princeps* Zimmermann, 1994: 365

**Distribution.** Australia: Western Australia.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Rhinotia pruinosa* Pascoe, 1871

*Rhinotia pruinosa* Pascoe, 1871: 98

**Distribution.** Australia: South Australia.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Rhinotia venusta* Pascoe, 1872

*Rhinotia venusta* Pascoe, 1872b: 139

**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland, New South Wales, Victoria.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

Genus *Orthorhynchus* Kirby, 1819, stat.res.

(col. pl. VIII: a-d, e; X: d-f)

*Orthorhynchus* Kirby, 1819: 428

Type species: *Curculio semipunctatus* Fabricius, 1775

*Belus* Schoenherr, 1823: 1137; type species: *Curculio semipunctatus* Fabricius, 1775

Subgenus *Orthorhynchus* s. str.

(col. pl. VIII: a-b; X: d-f)

*Orthorhynchus* (*Orthorhynchus*) *amplicolis* (Jekel, 1860), comb.n.

*Belus amplicolis* Jekel, 1860: 228

**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland, New South Wales.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Orthorhynchus* (*Orthorhynchus*) *bidentatus* (Donovan, 1805), comb.n.

*Lixus bidentatus* Donovan, 1805: 7

**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland, New South Wales.

**Host plants.** Acacia, Argyrodermon, Prunus [Zimmerman,



1994].

***Orthorhynchus (Orthorhynchus) cristatus*** (Lea, 1908), comb.n.

*Belus cristatus* Lea, 1908b: 221

**Distribution.** Australia: South Australia.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

***Orthorhynchus (Orthorhynchus) helmsi*** (Blackburn, 1893), comb.n.

*Belus helmsi* Blackburn, 1893: 182

**Distribution.** Australia: South Australia.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

***Orthorhynchus (Orthorhynchus) irroratus*** (Jekel, 1860), comb.n.

*Belus irroratus* Jekel, 1860: 232

*Belus bison* Blackburn, 1893: 184

**Distribution.** Australia: South Australia, Northern Territory, Tasmania.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

***Orthorhynchus (Orthorhynchus) perplexus*** (Blackburn, 1893), comb.n.

*Belus perplexus* Blackburn, 1893: 184

**Distribution.** Australia: South Australia, Western Australia.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

***Orthorhynchus (Orthorhynchus) semipunctatus*** (Fabricius, 1775)

*Curculio semipunctatus* Fabricius, 1775: 135

*Belus varipilis* Lea, 1908a: 222

**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland.

**Host plants.** Acacia [Zimmerman, 1994].

***Orthorhynchus (Orthorhynchus) subsuturalis*** (Lea, 1908), comb.n. (col. pl. 10d-f)

*Belus subsuturalis* Lea, 1908a: 151

**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

**Remarks.** The lectotype is designated by the author – a female from the ISNB collection with labels “Cairns”, “Type”, “Determination A. Lea”, “*Belus subsuturalis* Lea, Queensland, Cotype”, “Coll. I.R.Sc.N.B., Australia”, “Lectotype *Belus subsuturalis* Lea, 1908, A. Legalov des. 2009”.

Subgenus ***Pararhinotia*** Legalov, 2007 (col. pl. VIII: c-d)

*Pararhinotia* Legalov, 2007: 399

Type species: *Belus angustulus* Germar, 1848

***Orthorhynchus (Pararhinotia) anguineus*** (Pascoe, 1873), comb.n.

*Belus anguineus* Pascoe, 1873b: 457

*Belus ventralis* Blackburn, 1893: 182

*Belus trilineatus* Lea, 1917: 611

**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland. South Australia, Northern Territory, Western Australia.

**Host plants.** Cassia [Zimmerman, 1994].

***Orthorhynchus (Pararhinotia) angustulus*** (Germar, 1848), comb.n.

*Belus angustulus* Germar, 1848: 206

**Distribution.** Australia: South Australia.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

***Orthorhynchus (Pararhinotia) difficilis*** (Blackburn, 1893), comb.n.

*Belus difficilis* Blackburn, 1893: 181

**Distribution.** Australia: South Australia.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

***Orthorhynchus (Pararhinotia) distinctus*** (Blackburn, 1893), comb.n.

*Belus distinctus* Blackburn, 1893: 190

**Distribution.** Australia: South Australia.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

***Orthorhynchus (Pararhinotia) edentulus*** (Lea, 1899), comb.n.

*Belus edentulus* Lea, 1899: 600

**Distribution.** Australia: New South Wales, Victoria.

**Host plants.** Acacia [Zimmerman, 1994].

***Orthorhynchus (Pararhinotia) scalaris*** (Germar, 1848), comb.n.

*Belus scalaris* Germar, 1848: 205

*Belus vertebrais* Lea, 1899: 597

**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland, South Australia, Western Australia.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

Subgenus ***Australobelus*** Legalov, subgen.n. (col. pl. VIII: e)

Type species: *Belus farinarius* Pascoe, 1873

**Description.** Body usually dark, sometimes light brown. Elytra sometimes brown. Body with dense or sparse white appressed semierect setae. Setae thicken near eyes, on pro- and mesothorax, mesepisternum and apex of metepisternum, on sides of ventrites, sometimes on legs and antennae or on elytral suture, or form stains on elytra and pronotum. Upperside sometimes only with rarely setae. Body sometimes almost completely covered with dense white setae. Ventrites usually with dense setae or rarely almost naked. Rostrum long or shorter, straight or slightly curved, with antennae inserted in the base third or the first quarter of rostrum. Frons wide, convex, densely punctate. Eyes large, convex. Temples slightly elongated, punctate. Vertex flat or slightly convex, punctate. Antennae long, reaching humeri. Pronotum campaniform. Pronotal groove distinct. Disc convex, densely punctate-wrinkled, with middle striae. Sides slightly rounded. Scutellum transversal, rectangular. Elytra elongated, slightly widened behind the middle. The greatest width behind the middle. Humeri slightly smoothed. Intervals between points convex, granulated. Striae almost indistinct. Points small and dense. Apex of elytra slightly elongated and pointed. Precoxal part of prothorax narrow. Postcoxal part of prothorax wider. Metathorax elongated. Metepisternum wide. Abdomen convex, slightly transversal-wrinkled. 5th ventrite concave at apex in males and convex at apex in females. Legs long. Forelegs large. Procoxa large, spherical. Femora more or less widened, without teeth. Tibiae short, wide, with mucro. Protibiae serrated at internal margin. Tarsi long. 1st segment elongated and widened. 2nd segment triangular, wide. 3rd segment bilobed. Clausal segment long. Claws without teeth. Length of body: 7.0-13.5 mm.

**Diagnosis.** The new subgenus is close to subgenera *Orthorhynchus* and *Pararhinotia* but differs by slightly elongated apex of elytra.

**Etymology.** The name is derived from the words “Australia” and “belus”.

***Orthorhynchus (Australobelus) bassiae*** (Marshall, 1936), comb.n.

*Belus bassiae* Marshall, 1936: 192

**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland.

**Host plants.** Bassia [Marshall, 1936; Zimmerman, 1994].  
***Orthorhynchus (Australobelus) brevipes*** (Lea, 1908), comb.n.  
*Belus brevipes* Lea, 1908b: 225  
**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
***Orthorhynchus (Australobelus) cylindricus*** (Lea, 1917), comb.n.  
*Belus cylindricus* Lea, 1917: 610  
**Distribution.** Australia: Western Australia.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
***Orthorhynchus (Australobelus) farinarius*** (Pascoe, 1873), comb.n.  
*Belus farinarius* Pascoe, 1873b: 458  
**Distribution.** Australia: Western Australia.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
***Orthorhynchus (Australobelus) granicollis*** (Lea, 1908), comb.n.  
*Belus granicollis* Lea, 1908b: 226  
**Distribution.** Australia: New South Wales.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
***Orthorhynchus (Australobelus) halmaturinus*** (Lea, 1917), comb.n.  
*Belus halmaturinus* Lea, 1917: 608  
**Distribution.** Australia: South Australia.  
**Host plants.** Salicornia [Zimmerman, 1994].  
***Orthorhynchus (Australobelus) lacustris*** (Lea, 1917), comb.n.  
*Belus lacustris* Lea, 1917: 609  
**Distribution.** Australia: South Australia.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
***Orthorhynchus (Australobelus) multimaculatus*** (Lea, 1917), comb.n.  
*Belus multimaculatus* Lea, 1917: 601  
**Distribution.** Australia: South Australia, Northern Territory.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
***Orthorhynchus (Australobelus) niveopilosus*** (Lea, 1908), comb.n.  
*Belus niveopilosus* Lea, 1908b: 224  
**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
***Orthorhynchus (Australobelus) orthodoxus*** (Lea, 1917), comb.n.  
*Belus orthodoxus* Lea, 1917: 613  
**Distribution.** Australia: South Australia.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
***Orthorhynchus (Australobelus) pudicus*** (Lea, 1899), comb.n.  
*Belus pudicus* Lea, 1899: 601  
**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland, New South Wales.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
***Orthorhynchus (Australobelus) ursus*** (Lea, 1910), comb.n.  
*Belus ursus* Lea, 1910b: 469  
**Distribution.** Australia: New South Wales.  
**Host plants.** Atriplex [Zimmerman, 1994].  
***Orthorhynchus (Australobelus) variabilis*** (Lea, 1917), comb.n.  
*Belus variabilis* Lea, 1917: 605  
**Distribution.** Australia: South Australia.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
***Orthorhynchus (Australobelus) venustus*** (Pascoe, 1870), comb.n.  
*Belus venustus* Pascoe, 1870a: 203

**Distribution.** Australia: Western Australia.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
***Orthorhynchus (Australobelus) villosus*** (Lea, 1917), comb.n.  
*Belus villosus* Lea, 1917: 614  
**Distribution.** Australia: Western Australia.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.

Genus ***Pseudorhinotia*** Legalov, gen.n. (col. pl. VIII: f-h)  
 Type species: *Brentus brunneus* Guerin-Meneville, 1838

**Description.** Body from brown to black. Underside usually with dense white setae. Middle of ventrites usually almost naked. Sides of ventrites usually with dark naked stains. Pronotum usually with very weak middle strip of setae. Setae thicken near elytral suture or form many small stains on disc. Rostrum long, slightly curved, serrated on sides in males. Antennae inserted in the base third of rostrum. Frons wide, convex, punctate. Eyes large, convex. Temples slightly elongated. Vertex flat, punctate. Antennae long, reaching humeri. Pronotum campaniform in males and trapezoidal with almost direct sides in females. Disc convex, densely punctate-granulated, with very weak middle striae. Scutellum wide, rectangular. Elytra long, parallel or slightly widened behind the middle. The greatest width at the middle or behind the middle. Humeri slightly smoothed. Intervals between points convex, almost smooth. Striae almost indistinct. Points small and rare. Apex of elytra slightly pointed. Precoxal part of prothorax in males elongated. Metathorax elongated, punctate. Metepisternum wide, small punctate. Abdomen convex, slightly transversal-wrinkled. 5th ventrite in both sexes weakly concave at apex. Legs long. Forelegs large. Femora widened, with 2 teeth on profemora, with tooth on meso- and metafemora. Tibiae short, wide, with mucro. Protibiae serrated at internal margin. Tarsi long. 1st segment elongated and widened. 2nd segment triangular, wide. 3rd segment bilobed. Clausal segment long. Claws without teeth. Length of body: 8.5-19.0 mm.

**Diagnosis.** The new genus is close to genus *Orthorhynchoides* but differs by the elongated precoxal part of prothorax in males, pronotum elongated with almost direct sides in females and rostrum serrated on sides in males.

***Pseudorhinotia brunnea*** (Guerin-Meneville, 1838), comb.n.  
*Brentus brunneus* Guerin-Meneville, 1838: 108  
**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland, N.S.W, Victoria.  
**Host plants.** Acacia [Zimmerman, 1994].  
***Pseudorhinotia melanicephala*** (Boheman, 1839), comb.n.  
*Belus melanicephalus* Boheman, 1839: 351  
**Distribution.** Australia: Victoria. South Australia, Western Australia.  
**Host plants.** Acacia [Zimmerman, 1994].  
***Pseudorhinotia mimica*** (Lea, 1917), comb.n.  
*Belus mulica* Lea, 1917: 600  
**Distribution.** Australia: South Australia.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.

Genus ***Orthorhynchoides*** Legalov, 2007, stat.n.  
 (col. pl. VIII: i-n; IX: a-d, e; XIV: 12, 25)  
*Orthorhynchoides* Legalov, 2007: 399

*Orthorhynchus* MacLeay, 1826: 446 (non Kirby [1819])  
 Type species: *Orthorhynchus suturalis* MacLeay, 1826

Subgenus *Orthorhynchoides* s. str. (col. pl. VIII: i-n; XIV: 12, 25)

*Orthorhynchoides (Orthorhynchoides) acanthopterus* (Lea, 1910), comb.n.

*Belus acanthopterus* Lea, 1910a: 512

**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland, New South Wales.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Orthorhynchoides (Orthorhynchoides) acrobelus* (Olliff, 1889), comb.n.

*Belus acrobelus* Olliff, 1889: 91

**Distribution.** Australia: Lord Howe Is.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Orthorhynchoides (Orthorhynchoides) acutipennis* (Lea, 1917), comb.n.

*Belus acutipennis* Lea, 1917: 603

**Distribution.** Australia: New South Wales.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Orthorhynchoides (Orthorhynchoides) adelaidae* (Blackburn, 1893), comb.n.

*Belus adelaidae* Blackburn, 1893: 189

**Distribution.** Australia: New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia.

**Host plants.** Casuarina [Zimmermann, 1994].

*Orthorhynchoides (Orthorhynchoides) bispinosus* (Perroud, 1853), comb.n.

*Belus bispinosus* Perroud, 1853b: 410

**Distribution.** Australia: New South Wales.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Orthorhynchoides (Orthorhynchoides) centralis* (Pascoe, 1872), comb.n.

*Belus centralis* Pascoe, 1872c: 95

*Belus granulatus* Lea, 1899: 595

**Distribution.** Australia: New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Orthorhynchoides (Orthorhynchoides) flindersi* (Blackburn, 1893), comb.n.

*Belus flindersi* Blackburn, 1893: 185

**Distribution.** Australia: Victoria, South Australia.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Orthorhynchoides (Orthorhynchoides) frater* (Blackburn, 1893), comb.n.

*Belus frater* Blackburn, 1893: 183

**Distribution.** Australia: South Australia.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Orthorhynchoides (Orthorhynchoides) hemistictus* (Germar, 1848), comb.n.

*Belus hemistictus* Germar, 1848: 204

*Belus princeps* Lea, 1899: 596

**Distribution.** Australia: New South Wales, South Australia, Western Australia.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Orthorhynchoides (Orthorhynchoides) insipidus* (Blackburn, 1890), comb.n.

*Belus insipidus* Blackburn, 1890: 1455

**Distribution.** Australia: Northern Territory.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Orthorhynchoides (Orthorhynchoides) lineatus* (Donovan, 1805), comb.n.

*Brentus lineatus* Donovan, 1805: no pages numbered.

*Belus cyaneipennis* Boheman, 1859: 118

**Distribution.** Australia: New South Wales.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Orthorhynchoides (Orthorhynchoides) pica* (Jekel, 1860), comb.n.

*Belus pica* Jekel, 1860: 230

**Distribution.** Australia: New South Wales.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Orthorhynchoides (Orthorhynchoides) podagrosus* (Lea, 1917), comb.n.

*Belus podagrosus* Lea, 1917: 604

**Distribution.** Australia: South Australia.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Orthorhynchoides (Orthorhynchoides) poverus* (Lea, 1917), comb.n.

*Belus semipunctatus* v. *poverus* Lea, 1917: 597

**Distribution.** Australia: South Australia.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Orthorhynchoides (Orthorhynchoides) pulverulentus* (Lea, 1908), comb.n.

*Belus pulverulentus* Lea, 1908b: 223

**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Orthorhynchoides (Orthorhynchoides) regalis* (Blackburn, 1893), comb.n.

*Belus regalis* Blackburn, 1893: 188

**Distribution.** Australia: Victoria, South Australia.

**Host plants.** Casuarina [Zimmerman, 1994].

*Orthorhynchoides (Orthorhynchoides) ruficornis* (Lea, 1908), comb.n. (col. pl. 8i, m, n)

*Belus ruficornis* Lea, 1908a: 153

**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland.

**Host plants.** Argrodendron [Zimmerman, 1994].

**Remarks.** The lectotype is designated by the author – a female from the ISNB collection with labels “Wide Bay”, “Type”, “*Belus ruficornis* Lea, Queensland, Cotype”, “Determination A. Lea”, “Coll. I.R.Sc.N.B., Australia”, “Lectotype *Belus ruficornis* Lea, 1908, A. Legalov des. 2009”.

*Orthorhynchoides (Orthorhynchoides) subparallelus* (Jekel, 1860), comb.n.

*Belus subparallela* Jekel, 1860: 229

**Distribution.** Australia: New South Wales, Western Australia.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Orthorhynchoides (Orthorhynchoides) suturalis* (Macleay, 1826), comb.n.

*Orthorhynchus suturalis* Macleay, 1826: 446

*Belus phonicopterus* Germar, 1848: 207

*Belus graclis* Boheman, 1859: 118

**Distribution.** Australia: New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia, Western Australia.

**Host plants.** Acacia, Prunus [Zimmerman, 1994].

Subgenus *Guineorhinotia* Legalov, 2007 (col. pl. IX: a-d, e)

*Guineorhinotia* Legalov, 2007: 399

Type species: *Belus viridimetallicus* Heller, 1903

*Orthorhynchoides (Guineorhinotia) biroi* (Voss, 1956), comb.n. (col. pl. IX: a, b)

*Belus biroi* Voss, 1956: 122

**Distribution.** Papua New Guinea.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

**Remarks.** The holotype is studied by the author – a male from the collection HHNM with labels “N. Guinea, Biry 1898”, “Sattelberg, Huon-Golf”, “Holotypus 1955 *Belus biroi* Voss”, “*Belus biroi* n.sp., E. Voss det., 1955”, “*Rhinotia biroi* (Voss) det. A. Podlussány, 2003”, “Holotype *Belus biroi* Voss, 1955, A. Legalov det. 2009”.

*Orthorhynchoides (Guineorhinotia) corallimerus* (Heller, 1914), comb.n.

*Belus corallimerus* Heller, 1914: 652

**Distribution.** Indonesia: New Guinea.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Orthorhynchoides (Guineorhinotia) divisus* (Pascoe, 1885), comb.n.

*Belus divisus* Pascoe, 1885: 229

**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland, Papua New Guinea.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Orthorhynchoides (Guineorhinotia) inornatus* (Pascoe, 1874), comb.n.

*Belus inornatus* Pascoe, 1874: 27

**Distribution.** Indonesia: Mysol, New Guinea.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Orthorhynchoides (Guineorhinotia) plagiatus* (Pascoe, 1870), comb.n.

*Belus plagiatus* Pascoe, 1870b: 475

**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland, New South Wales.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Orthorhynchoides (Guineorhinotia) viridimetallicus* (Heller, 1901), comb.n. (col. pl. IX: c, e)

*Belus viridimetallicus* Heller, 1901: 16

**Distribution.** Papua New Guinea.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

**Remarks.** The lectotype is designated by the author – a male from the SMTD collection with labels “Br. N. Guinea, Astrolabe Geb., E. Weiske”, “14571”, “typus!”, “Typus”, “Staatl. Museum für Tierkunde, Dresden”, “Lectotype *Belus viridimetallicus* Heller, 1901, A. Legalov des. 2005”. Paralectotype – a female from the collection SMTD with labels “Br. N. Guinea, Astrolabe Geb., E. Weiske”, “14571”, “Cotypus”, “Staatl. Museum für Tierkunde, Dresden”, “Paralectotype *Belus viridimetallicus* Heller, 1901, A. Legalov des. 2005”.

*Orthorhynchoides (Guineorhinotia) sp. pr. viridimetallicus* (Heller, 1901)

**Distribution.** Solomon Isl. [Zimmerman, 1994].

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Orthorhynchoides (Guineorhinotia) wallacei* (Pascoe, 1874), comb.n.

*Belus wallacei* Pascoe, 1874: 26

**Distribution.** Indonesia: Aru.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

Genus *Tasmanobelus* Legalov, gen.n. (col. pl. IX: d, f, g)

Type species: *Belus pictirostris* Lea, 1908

**Remarks.** For the description, see that of *Belus pictirostris* [Lea, 1908a: 154] and figure 295 [Zimmermann, 1994: 452].

**Diagnosis.** The new genus is similar to genus *Pascoeobelus* but differs by the slightly elongated apex of elytra.

**Etymology.** The name is derived from the words “Tasmania” and “belus”.

*Tasmanobelus pictirostris* (Lea, 1908), comb.n. (col. pl. IX: d, f, g)

*Belus pictirostris* Lea, 1908a: 154

**Distribution.** Tasmania.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

**Remarks.** The lectotype is designated by the author – a male from the ISNB collection with labels “Tasmanie”, “Coll. Castelnau, Coll. Roelofs”, “Type”, “*Belus pictirostris* Lea, Tasmania, Cotype”, “Determination A. Lea”, “Coll. I.R.Sc.N.B., Australia”, “Lectotype *Belus pictirostris* Lea, 1908, A. Legalov des. 2009”.

Genus *Blackburnibelus* Legalov, gen.n. (col. pl. IX: h)

Type species: *Isacantha bimaculata* Pascoe, 1871

**Remarks.** For the description, see that of *Isacantha bimaculata* [Pascoe, 1871: 99] and figure 251 [Zimmermann, 1994: 402].

**Diagnosis.** The new genus resembles the genus *Tasmanobelus* but differs by the 2nd segment of funicle shorter than 3rd segment, 1st interval of elytra flat near scutellum and short rostrum.

**Etymology.** The new genus is named in honour of T. Blackburn.

*Blackburnibelus bimaculatus* (Pascoe, 1871), comb.n.

*Isacantha bimaculata* Pascoe, 1871: 99

**Distribution.** Australia: New South Wales, Victoria, Tasmania.

**Host plants.** Acacia, Cyathodes [Zimmerman, 1994].

Genus *Pascoeobelus* Legalov, gen.n.

Type species: *Isacantha exigua* Pascoe, 1873

**Remarks.** For the description, see that of *Isacantha exigua* [Pascoe, 1873a: 280-281] and plate 34 (1, 2) [Zimmermann, 1991: 71].

**Diagnosis.** The new genus is similar to genus *Orthorhynchoides* but differs by the rounded apex of elytra. From *Leabelus* it differs by the straight and widened rostrum and dark body.

**Etymology.** The new genus is named in honour of F.P. Pascoe.

*Pascoeobelus exigua* (Pascoe, 1873), comb.n.

*Isacantha exigua* Pascoe, 1873a: 280

**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

Genus *Leabelus* Legalov, gen.n.

Type species: *Belus simplicipennis* Lea, 1908

**Remarks.** For the description, see that of *Belus simplicipennis* [Lea, 1908: 236] and figure 314 [Zimmermann, 1994: 474].

**Diagnosis.** The new genus is very close to genus *Pascoeobelus* but differs by the rostrum curved and not widened, body dark and elytra and partially pronotum red-brown.

**Etymology.** The new genus is named in honour of A.M. Lea.

*Leabelus simplicipennis* (Lea, 1908), comb.n.

*Belus simplicipennis* Lea, 1908b: 236

**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

Genus *Rhinotiodes* Zimmerman, 1994 (col. pl. IX: i)

*Rhinotiodes* Zimmerman, 1994: 327

Type species: *Rhinotia spinipennis* Lacordaire, 1863

*Rhinotiodes spinipennis* (Lacordaire, 1863)

*Rhinotia spinipennis* Lacordaire, 1863: 526

*Rhinotia elytrura* Pascoe, 1872b: 138

*Rhinotia elytrura v. bella* Lea, 1908b: 238

**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland, New South Wales.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

Genus *Stenobelus* Zimmerman, 1999 (col. pl. IX: j)

*Stenobelus* Zimmerman, 1999: 39 [RN]

*Leptobelus* Zimmerman, 1994: 327 non Stal, 1866

Type species: *Belus tibialis* Blackburn, 1893

Subgenus *Stenobelus* s. str. (col. pl. IX: j)

*Stenobelus (Stenobelus) acaciae* (Lea, 1899), comb.n.,  
placem.n.

*Belus acaciae* Lea, 1899: 594

**Distribution.** Australia: Western Australia.

**Host plants.** Acacia [Zimmermann, 1994].

*Stenobelus (Stenobelus) angustata* (Lea, 1917), comb.n.,  
placem.n.

*Belus angustatus* Lea, 1917: 607

**Distribution.** Australia: New South Wales, South Australia.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Stenobelus (Stenobelus) aphthosus* (Pascoe, 1873),  
comb.n., placem.n.

*Belus aphthosus* Pascoe, 1873b: 457

**Distribution.** Australia: South Australia.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Stenobelus (Stenobelus) elegans* (Blackburn, 1893),  
comb.n., placem.n.

*Belus elegans* Blackburn, 1893: 187

**Distribution.** Australia: South Australia.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Stenobelus (Stenobelus) exilis* (Lea, 1917), comb.n.,  
placem.n.

*Belus exilis* Lea, 1917: 602

**Distribution.** Australia: New South Wales.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Stenobelus (Stenobelus) linearis* (Pascoe, 1870), comb.n.

*Belus linearis* Pascoe, 1870b: 475

**Distribution.** Australia: Western Australia.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Stenobelus (Stenobelus) tibialis* (Blackburn, 1893),  
comb.n.

*Belus tibialis* Blackburn, 1893: 190

**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland, South Australia,  
Western Australia.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

Subgenus *Germaribelus* Legalov, subgen.n.

Type species: *Belus sparsus* Germar, 1848

**Remarks.** For the description, see that of *Belus sparsus* [Germar, 1848: 206] and figure 317 [Zimmermann, 1994: 477].

**Diagnosis.** The new subgenus is similar to nominative subgenus but differs by the profemora strongly widened in males.

**Etymology.** The new genus is named in honour of E.F. Germar.

*Stenobelus (Germaribelus) sparsus* (Germar, 1848),  
comb.n.

*Belus sparsus* Germar, 1848: 206

*Belus mundus* Blackburn, 1893: 186

**Distribution.** Australia: Queensland, New South Wales,  
Victoria, South Australia.

**Host plants.** Acacia, Betula [Zimmerman, 1994].

Subtribe *Homalocerina* Legalov, subtrib.n.

(col. pl. IX: k; X: g-I; XIV: 17)

Type genus: *Homalocerus* Schoenherr, 1839

**Description.** Body black or black-brown. Legs sometimes brown. Body with rare or dense appressed setae. Setae sometimes form strips or stains. Rostrum long, curved, slightly widened in place of antennal attachment. Antennae inserted near the rostrum basis. Frons wide, usually flat, punctate. Eyes large, convex. Temples short. Vertex convex, densely punctate. Antennae long, slightly widened, reaching humeri. Pronotum campaniform. Pronotal groove distinct. Disc convex, densely punctate-granulated, with deep middle striae. Sides slightly rounded. Scutellum almost square. Elytra long. The greatest width behind the middle. Humeri slightly smoothed. Intervals convex, almost smooth. Striae almost indistinct. Points small and dense. Apex of elytra with teeth. Precoxal part of prothorax wide. Postcoxal part of prothorax narrower. Metathorax convex. Metepisternum wide, small punctate. Abdomen convex, slightly transversal-wrinkled. 5th ventrite in both sexes weakly concave at apex. Legs long. Forelegs large. Procoxa large, spherical. Femora clavate, without teeth. Tibiae long, slightly curved, with mucro. Protibiae serrated at internal margin. Tarsi long. 1st segment elongated and widened. 2nd segment triangular, wide. 3rd segment bilobed. Clausal segment long. Claws without teeth. Length of body: 6.5-19.6 mm.

**Diagnosis.** The new subtribe differs from subtribe *Belina* by the 1-segmented labial palps and antennae inserted near the rostrum basis.

Key to genera of the subtribe *Homalocerina*

1. Eyes with setae ..... *Trichophthalmus*  
– eyes without setae ..... *Homalocerus*

Genus *Homalocerus* Schoenherr, 1839

(col. pl. X: g-i; XIV: 17)

*Homalocerus* Schoenherr, 1839: 358

Type species: *Rhinotia luciformis* Germar, 1833

*Homalocerus acuminatus* Boheman, 1845

*Homalocerus acuminatus* Boheman, 1845: 366

**Distribution.** Brazil.

**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Homalocerus antennalis* Hustache, 1940  
*Homalocerus antennalis* Hustache, 1940: 697  
**Distribution.** Brazil.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Homalocerus flavicornis* Vanin, 1976  
*Homalocerus flavicornis* Vanin, 1976: 25  
**Distribution.** Brazil.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Homalocerus lyciformis* (Germar, 1833)  
*Rhinotia lyciformis* Germar, 1833: 244  
**Distribution.** Argentina, Brazil, Paraguay.  
**Host plants.** Polystichum, Cyathea [Vanin, 1976].  
*Homalocerus longirostris* Vanin, 1976  
*Homalocerus longirostris* Vanin, 1976: 25  
**Distribution.** Brazil.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Homalocerus nigripennis* Boheman, 1839  
*Homalocerus nigripennis* Boheman, 1839: 359  
*Homalocerus punctum* Pascoe, 1886: 418  
**Distribution.** Argentina, Brazil.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Homalocerus plaumanni* Voss, 1937  
*Homalocerus plaumanni* Voss, 1937: 199  
**Distribution.** Brazil.  
**Host plants.** Polystichum [Vanin, 1976].  
*Homalocerus xixim* Bondar, 1947  
*Homalocerus xixim* Bondar, 1947: 277  
*Homalocerus zikani* Bondar, 1947: 276  
**Distribution.** Argentina, Brazil, Paraguay.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.

Genus *Trichophthalmus* Kuschel, 1955 (col. pl. IX: k)  
*Trichophthalmus* Kuschel, 1955: 275  
Type species: *Homalocerus miltomerus* Blanchard, 1851

*Trichophthalmus miltomerus* (Blanchard, 1851)  
*Homalocerus miltomerus* Blanchard, 1851: 306  
**Distribution.** Argentina, Chile.  
**Host plants.** Filicinae, Blechnum, Polystichum [Bondar, 1947; Kuschel, 1959].

Subfamily **Oxycoryninae** Schoenherr, 1840  
(col. pl. X: j-m; XI: a-o; XII: a-j; XIII: a-m; XIV: 11, 14-16, 19, 21-24, 26-36)  
*Oxycorynides* Schoenherr, 1840: 581  
Type genus: *Oxycorynus* Chevrolat, 1832

Key to supraspecific taxa of the subfamily Oxycoryninae  
1. Gular suture single (col. pl. 13: g). (Allocorynidae) ..... 2  
– gular suture double or reduced (col. pl. XII: b; XIII: j) .... 3  
2. Precoxal part of prothorax elongated (col. pl. XII: e).  
Scapus twice longer than eye. Profemora in males slightly  
widened. Clava of antennae narrow ..... *Parallocorynus*  
– pre- and postcoxal parts of prothorax short (col. pl. XIII: d).  
Scapus of equal length to eye. Profemora in males strongly  
widened. Clava of antennae wide ..... *Rhopalotria*  
3. Claval segments free. Maxillary palps 2-segmented.  
(Aglycyderidae) ..... 4  
– 2nd and 3rd segments of clava fused. Maxillary palps  
3-segmented. (Oxycorynidae) ..... 9

4. Mandibles long, directed forward. Eyes slightly convex.  
(Distenorrhinoidei) ..... *Distenorrhinoides*  
– mandibles short, directed to each other. Eyes strongly  
convex ..... 5  
5. Sides of pronotum with carina (col. pl. XIII: h).  
(Alloxycorenini) ..... 6  
– sides of pronotum without carina. (Aglycyderini) ..... 7  
6. Elytra with carinae ..... *Alloxycorenus*  
– elytra without carinae ..... *Balanophorobius*  
7. Antennae short. Scapus short. 1st-4th ventrites with  
transversal lateral impressions or grooves ..... *Aralius*  
– antennae long. Scapus elongated. 1st-4th ventrites without  
impressions or grooves ..... 8  
8. Clava not distinct (col. pl. XIII: i). Sides of pronotum with  
sharp protuberances. Rostrum in both sexes short. 3rd  
segment of tarsi slightly bilobed ..... *Aglycyderes*  
– clava well distinct (col. pl. XIII: k). Sides of pronotum  
without protuberances. Rostrum in males short and long  
smooth in females. 3rd segment of tarsi distinct bilobed ....  
..... *Proterhinus*  
9. Procoxa inserted on the middle of prothorax or closer to  
first line. (Afrocorynini) ..... 10  
– procoxa removed from pronotum first line ..... 11  
10. Pronotum without lateral carinae. Mentum twice longer  
than wide. Claws free. (Hispodina) ..... *Hispodes*  
– pronotum with lateral carinae. Mentum square. Claws fused  
at base. (Afrocorynina) ..... *Afrocorynus*  
11. Procoxa connected. (Oxycorynini) ..... 12  
– procoxa separated ..... 13  
12. Elytra without carinae (col. pl. XII: a) ..... *Oxycorynus*  
– elytra with carinae (col. pl. XI: n) ..... *Hydnorobius*  
13. Head behind eyes without groove (col. pl. 10: i). Pronotum  
without carinae on disc. Rostrum in males without  
ventral long setae. (Oxycraspedini) ..... *Oxycraspedus*  
– head behind eyes with more or less distinct groove (col. pl.  
XI: a). Pronotum often with serrated lateral carinae and 3  
carinae on disc. Rostrum in males ventrally often with long  
setae. (Metrioxenini) ..... 14  
14. 1st ventrite little longer than 2nd ventrite. Body usually  
large (2.8-8.7 mm in length). Apex of elytra usually  
with teeth. Rostrum in males without ventral erect setae.  
(Zherichinixenina) ..... 15  
– 1st ventrite strongly elongated (col. pl. XI: g). Body  
small (2.3-4.0 mm in length). Apex of elytra without  
teeth. Rostrum in males with long setae ventrally (col. pl.  
XI: c). (Metrioxenina) ..... 20  
15. Sides of pronotum without teeth ..... 16  
– 1st ventrite strongly elongated. Pronotum with  
serrated lateral carinae, sometimes teeth very weak  
(col. pl. X: k) ..... 17  
16. Smaller (2.8 mm in length). Pronotum more elongated ..  
..... *Archimetroxena*  
– larger (7.5-8.5 mm in length). Pronotum wider .....  
..... *Paltorhynchus*  
17. Apex of elytra without teeth (col. pl. X: m) ..... 18  
– apex of elytra with teeth (col. pl. X: k) ..... 19  
18. 1st and 2nd segments of clava elongated .....  
..... *Prometroxena*  
– 2nd segment of clava strongly elongated .....  
..... *Wallacexena*  
19. Pronotum sides almost parallel, with weak teeth (col. pl.  
X: l). Body more elongated and flattened .....  
..... *Zherichinixena*

- pronotum sides narrowed to apex, with sharp teeth (col. pl. X: k). Body shorter and convex ..... *Lyalixena*  
 20. Femora without teeth. Elytra with carinae .....  
 ..... *Vladimirixena*  
 – femora with teeth. Elytra without carinae (col. pl. XI: b)  
 ..... *Metrioxena*

Supertribe **Oxycoryninae** Schoenherr, 1840 (col. pl. X: i-m; XI: a-m; XII: a-d; XIV: 14, 15, 21, 22, 26, 27, 30-35)  
*Oxycorynides* Schoenherr, 1840: 581  
 Type genus: *Oxycorynus* Chevrolat, 1832

Tribe **Metrioxenini** Voss, 1953 (col. pl. X: i-m; XI: a-e, g; XIV: 14, 15, 21, 22, 26, 27, 31, 32)  
 Metrioxenini Voss, 1953: 124  
 Type genus: *Metrioxena* Pascoe, 1870

**Remarks.** Species of this tribe are distributed in China (Yunnan), Vietnam, Laos, Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia (Java, Sumatra, Maluku, Sulawesi, Ambon Isl., Ternate Isl.), Singapore, Timor, Philippines (Luzon) [Zherichin, pers. com.].

Subtribe **Zherichinixenina** Legalov, subtrib.n.  
 (col. pl. X: j-m; XIV: 14, 15, 21, 22, 26, 27)  
 Type genus: *Zherichinixena* Legalov, gen.n.

**Description.** Body from yellow to dark brown. Rostrum almost direct, with weak carinae and ventral striae in males and slightly curved, convex, without striae in females. Antennae inserted ventrally near the rostrum basis. Frons flattened. Eyes large, strongly or slightly convex. Head behind eyes with groove. Temples short. Antennae thin, long. Pronotum from campaniform to almost rectangular. Disc rugosely-punctate or punctate, with 5 carinae. Sides sharp, without teeth or with more or less distinct teeth. Scutellum wide. Elytra elongated, flattened or convex. Disc of elytra with carinae. Scutellar striole distinct. Intervals almost flat or slightly convex. Apex of elytra with tooth or without tooth. Precoxal part of pronotum elongated. Abdomen flat, naked or with appressed setae. 1st ventrite little longer than 2nd ventrite. Legs long. Femora widened, without teeth. Tibiae short and wide. Tarsi wide. 1st-3rd segments bilobed. Claws without teeth. Length of body: 2.8-8.7 mm.

**Diagnosis.** The new subtribe differs from nominative subtribe by the 1st ventrite little longer than 2nd ventrite, body usually large, apex of elytra usually with teeth and rostrum in males ventrally without erect setae.

Genus *Paltorhynchus* Scudder, 1893  
*Paltorhynchus* Scudder, 1893: 17

Type species: *Paltorhynchus narwhal* Scudder, 1893

*Paltorhynchus narwhal* Scudder, 1893

*Paltorhynchus narwhal* Scudder, 1893: 18

**Distribution.** Lower Oligocene (USA: Florissant).

**Host plants.** Unknown.

Genus *Archimetroxena* Voss, 1953  
*Archimetroxena* Voss, 1953: 123  
 Type species: *Archimetroxena electrica* Voss, 1953

*Archimetroxena electrica* Voss, 1953

*Archimetroxena electrica* Voss, 1953: 124

**Distribution.** Eocene (Baltic Amber).

**Host plants.** Unknown.

Genus *Lyalixena* Legalov, gen.n.  
 (col. pl. X: j, k; XIV: 14, 15, 26)  
 Type species: *Metrioxena enderleini* Heller, 1915

**Remarks.** For the description, see that of *Metrioxena enderleini* [Heller, 1915: 54-55].

**Diagnosis.** The new genus differs from genus *Prometroxena* by elytra with carinae, apex of elytra with teeth and 2nd segment of clava strongly elongated. From genus *Zherichinixena* it differs by the pronotum sides narrowed to apex with sharp teeth and body shorter and convex.

**Etymology.** The new genus is named in honour of C.H.C. Lyal.

*Lyalixena enderleini* (Heller, 1915), comb.n.  
*Metrioxena enderleini* Heller, 1915: 53

**Distribution.** Indonesia (Sumatra).

**Host plants.** Unknown.

Genus *Zherichinixena* Legalov, gen.n.  
 (col. pl. X: i; XIV: 21, 22, 27)

Type species: *Zherichinixena nigra* Legalov, sp.n.

**Description.** Body dark brown, naked. Rostrum almost direct, with 3 weak carinae, widened near the basis, with ventral striae in males. Antennae inserted ventrally near the rostrum basis. Frons flattened, with deep middle longitudinal striae. Eyes large, slightly convex. Head behind eyes with weak groove. Temples short. Antennae thin, long. Pronotum almost rectangular, slightly narrowed near apex. Disc rugosely-punctate, with 5 carinae. Sides sharp, with very weak 3 teeth at the basic half. Scutellum wide. Elytra elongated. Elytral disc with 3 carinae. Scutellar striole distinct. Intervals almost flat. Apex of elytra with tooth. Precoxal part strongly elongated, wrinkled in males. Abdomen flat, small punctate. 1st ventrite little longer than 2nd ventrite. Legs long. Femora widened, without teeth. Profemora strongly widened. Tibiae short and wide. Tarsi wide. 1st-3rd segments bilobed. Claws without teeth. Length of body: 8.3-8.7 mm.

**Diagnosis.** The new genus differs from genus *Lyalixena* by the pronotum sides almost parallel, with weak teeth and body more elongated and flattened.

**Etymology.** The new genus is named in honour of V.V. Zherichin.

*Zherichinixena nigra* Legalov, sp.n.  
 (col. pl. X: i; XIV: 21, 22, 27)

**Material.** Holotype – male (ZMMU) “Native Coll. Banka. III-VII. 98 Soengei Leat”. Paratype – male (ZMMU), idem.

**Description.** Male. Body dark brown, naked. Rostrum almost direct, of equal length to pronotum, with 3 weak carinae, small punctate, widened near the basis, with ventral striae, without erect setae. Antennae inserted ventrally near the rostrum basis. Frons flattened, densely punctate, with deep middle longitudinal striae. Eyes large, slightly

convex. Head behind eyes with weak groove. Temples short. Antennae thin, long. Funicle 8-segmented. Scapus trapezoidal, wider than 1st segment of funicle. 1st segment trapezoidal, wider and shorter than 2nd segment. 2nd-7th segments elongated. 2nd segment longer than 3rd segment. 1st segment of clava (8th segment of funicle) longer and hardly wider than 7th segment. Clava 2-segmented. 9th and 10th segments of antennae (2nd and 3rd segments of clava) fused. 9th segment of antennae little shorter than 7th and 8th segments of antennae taken together. Pronotum almost rectangular, of equal length and width, slightly narrowed near apex, with the greatest width at the base third. Disc rugosely-punctate, with 5 carinae. Sides sharp, with very weak 3 teeth at basic half. Scutellum wide, rectangular, small punctate. Elytra elongated. Humeri slightly smoothed. Disc of elytra with 3 carinae (1st carina distinct near basis), with rows of points. Scutellar striole distinct. Intervals almost flat. Apex of elytra with tooth. Precoxal part of pronotum strongly elongated, wrinkled. Mesepisternum smooth. Metepisternum very narrow. Abdomen flat, small punctate, with grey upraised setae. 1st ventrite little longer than 2nd ventrite. 2nd ventrite of equal length to 2nd ventrite. 4th ventrite hardly narrower than 3rd ventrite. 5th ventrite of equal length to 3rd ventrite. Legs long. Femora widened, without teeth. Profemora strongly widened. Tibiae short and wide. Tarsi wide. 1st-3rd segments bilobed. Claws without teeth. Length of body: 8.3-8.7 mm.

**Etymology.** The name is derived from the word “black” – “niger”.

**Distribution.** Indonesia (Sumatra).

**Host plants.** Unknown.

Genus *Wallacexena* Legalov, gen.n. (col. pl. X: m)

Type species: *Metrioxena corporaali* Heller, 1925

**Remarks.** For the description, see that of *Metrioxena corporaali* [Heller, 1925: 225].

**Diagnosis.** The new genus differs from genus *Prometrioxena* by strongly elongated 2nd segment of clava.

**Etymology.** The new genus is named in honour of A.R. Wallace.

*Wallacexena corporaali* (Heller, 1925), comb.n. (col. pl. X: m)

*Metrioxena corporaali* Heller, 1925: 225

**Distribution.** Indonesia (Sumatra).

**Host plants.** Unknown.

**Remarks.** The lectotype is designated by the author – a male from the SMTD collection with labels “Corporaal, Brastagi, 5-1918”, “corporaali Typus”, “1928, 19”, “Staatl. Museum für Tierkunde, Dresden”, “Lectotype *Metrioxena corporaali* Heller, 1925, A. Legalov des. 2005”.

*Wallacexena morio* (Heller, 1915), comb.n.

*Metrioxena morio* Heller, 1915: 54

**Distribution.** Indonesia (Sumatra).

**Host plants.** Unknown.

Genus *Prometrioxena* Voss, 1957

*Prometrioxena* Voss, 1957: 102

Type species: *Metrioxena dibapha* Voss, 1937

*Prometrioxena dibapha* (Voss, 1937), comb.n.

*Metrioxena dibapha* Voss, 1937: 129

**Distribution.** Indonesia (Java).

**Host plants.** Unknown.

Subtribe **Metrioxenina** Voss, 1953

(col. pl. XI: a-e, g; XIV: 31, 3 2)

Metrioxenini Voss, 1953: 124

Type genus: *Metrioxena* Pascoe, 1870

Genus *Metrioxena* Pascoe, 1870 (col. pl. XI: a-e)

*Metrioxena* Pascoe, 1870b: 442

Type species: *Metrioxena serricollis* Pascoe, 1870

*Metrioxena decisa* Pascoe, 1885

*Metrioxena decisa* Pascoe, 1885: 228

**Distribution.** Indonesia (Maluku); Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur).

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Metrioxena discoidalis* Heller, 1915

*Metrioxena discoidalis* Heller, 1915: 53

**Distribution.** Indonesia (Sumatra); Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur).

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Metrioxena marginella* Heller, 1915

*Metrioxena marginella* Heller, 1915: 54

**Distribution.** Indonesia (Tanimbar); Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur).

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Metrioxena serricollis* Pascoe, 1870

*Metrioxena serricollis* Pascoe, 1870b: 443

**Distribution.** Indonesia (Sulawesi).

**Host plants.** Unknown.

Genus *Vladimirixena* Legalov, gen.n.

(col. pl. XI: g; XIV: 31, 32)

Type species: *Metrioxena sumatrana* Heller, 1915

**Description.** Body brown, naked. Rostrum almost direct, shorter than pronotum, flattened at middle, with two weak carinae near margins, with ventral long setae in males; long, narrower, convex, without carinae and setae in females. Antennae inserted near the rostrum basis. Frons flattened. Eyes large, convex. Head behind eyes with groove. Temples short. Antennae thin, long. Funicle 8-segmented. Clava 2-segmented. Pronotum campaniform, weakly convex, with teeth on sides. Disc with 5 carinae. Scutellum wide, rectangular. Elytra oval. Humeri slightly smoothed. Elytral disc with 2 carinae, without striae, small and densely punctate. Apex of elytra without tooth. Precoxal part of pronotum strongly elongated in males and slightly elongated in females. Metepisternum narrow. Abdomen flat. 1st ventrite elongated. Legs long. Femora widened, without teeth. Profemora strongly widened. Tibiae short and wide. Tarsi wide. 1st-3rd segments bilobed. Claws without teeth. Length of body: 2.9-3.4 mm.

**Diagnosis.** The new genus differs from *Metrioxena* by the femora without teeth and elytra with carinae.

**Etymology.** The new genus is named in honour of V.V. Zherichin.



*Vladimirixena fulva* (Heller, 1915), comb.n.  
*Metrioxena fulva* Heller, 1915: 54  
**Distribution.** Indonesia (Sumatra).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Vladimirixena javanica* (Voss, 1937), comb.n.  
*Metrioxena javanica* Voss, 1937: 127  
**Distribution.** Indonesia (Java).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Vladimirixena subvittata* (Pascoe, 1874), comb.n.  
*Metrioxena subvittata* Pascoe, 1874: 27  
**Distribution.** Indonesia (Sulawesi).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Vladimirixena sumatrana* (Heller, 1915), comb.n.  
*Metrioxena sumatrana* Heller, 1915: 54  
**Distribution.** Indonesia (Sumatra); Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.

Tribe **Oxycraspedini** Marvaldi & Oberprieler, 2006 (col. pl. XI: f, h-m; XIV: 30, 33-35)  
*Oxycraspedina* Marvaldi & Oberprieler, 2006: 460  
 Type genus: *Oxycraspedus* Kuschel, 1955

Genus ***Oxycraspedus*** Kuschel, 1955 (col. pl. XI: f, h-m; XIV: 30, 33-35)  
*Oxycraspedus* Kuschel, 1955: 309  
 Type species: *Oxycorynus minutus* Philippi & Philippi, 1864

***Oxycraspedus cornutus*** Kuschel, 1959  
*Oxycraspedus cornutus* Kuschel, 1959: 267  
**Distribution.** Chile.  
**Host plants.** Araucaria [Kuschel, 2000].  
***Oxycraspedus cribricollis*** (Blanchard, 1851)  
*Oxycorynus cribricollis* Blanchard, 1851: 311  
**Distribution.** Chile.  
**Host plants.** Araucaria [Kuschel, 2000].  
***Oxycraspedus minutus*** (Philippi & Philippi, 1864)  
*Oxycorynus minutus* Philippi & Philippi, 1864: 365  
**Distribution.** Chile.  
**Host plants.** Araucaria [Kuschel, 2000].

Tribe **Oxycorynini** Schoenherr, 1840 (col. pl. XI: n, o; XII: a, b, d)  
*Oxycorynides* Schoenherr, 1840: 581  
 Type genus: *Oxycorynus* Chevrolat, 1832

Genus ***Hydnorobius*** Kuschel, 1959 (col. pl. XI: n, o)  
*Hydnorobius* Kuschel, 1959: 268  
 Type species: *Oxycorynus hydnorae* Pascoe, 1868

***Hydnorobius helleri*** (Bruch, 1912)  
*Oxycorynus helleri* Bruch, 1912: 266  
**Distribution.** Argentina.  
**Host plants.** Prosopanche [Marvaldi, Oberprieler, Lyal, Bradbury, Anderson, 2006].  
***Hydnorobius hydnorae*** (Pascoe, 1868)  
*Oxycorynus hydnorae* Pascoe, 1868: 14  
**Distribution.** Argentina.  
**Host plants.** Prosopanche [Marvaldi, Oberprieler, Lyal, Bradbury, Anderson, 2006].

***Hydnorobius parvulus*** (Bruch, 1916)  
*Oxycorynus parvulus* Bruch, 1916: 268  
**Distribution.** Argentina.  
**Host plants.** Prosopanche [Marvaldi, Oberprieler, Lyal, Bradbury, Anderson, 2006].

Genus ***Oxycorynus*** Chevrolat, 1832 (col. pl. XII: a, b, d)  
*Oxycorynus* Chevrolat, 1832: 212  
 Type species: *Oxycorynus melanocerus* Chevrolat, 1832

***Oxycorynus armatus*** Buquet, 1844  
*Oxycorynus armatus* Buquet, 1844: 138  
**Distribution.** Brazil.  
**Host plants.** Lophophytum [Andreson, 2005].  
***Oxycorynus melanocerus*** Chevrolat, 1832  
*Oxycorynus melanocerus* Chevrolat, 1832: 214  
**Distribution.** Brazil.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
***Oxycorynus melanops*** Chevrolat, 1832  
*Oxycorynus melanops* Chevrolat, 1832: 214  
**Distribution.** Brazil.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
***Oxycorynus missionis*** Kuschel, 1995  
*Oxycorynus missionis* Kuschel, 1995: 45  
**Distribution.** Argentina.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
***Oxycorynus nigripes*** Kuschel, 1959  
*Oxycorynus nigripes* Kuschel, 1959: 270  
**Distribution.** Argentina, Bolivia.  
**Host plants.** Lophophytum [Andreson, 2005].

Tribe **Afrocorynini** Voss, 1957 (col. pl. XII: c)  
*Afrocorynini* Voss, 1957: 102  
 Type genus: *Afrocorynus* Marshall, 1955

Subtribe **Afrocorynina** Voss, 1957  
*Afrocorynini* Voss, 1957: 102  
 Type genus: *Afrocorynus* Marshall, 1955

Genus ***Afrocorynus*** Marshall, 1955  
*Afrocorynus* Marshall, 1955: 21  
 Type species: *Afrocorynus turbatus* Marshall, 1955

***Afrocorynus asparagi*** Marshall, 1955  
*Afrocorynus asparagi* Marshall, 1955: 23  
**Distribution.** South Africa.  
**Host plants.** Asparagus [Marshall, 1955].  
***Afrocorynus sp. pr. asparagi*** Marshall, 1955  
**Distribution.** South Africa [Marvaldi, Oberprieler, Lyal, Bradbury, Anderson, 2006].  
**Host plants.** Putterlickia [Marvaldi, Oberprieler, Lyal, Bradbury, Anderson, 2006].  
***Afrocorynus turbatus*** Marshall, 1955  
*Afrocorynus turbatus* Marshall, 1955: 22  
**Distribution.** South Africa.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.

Subtribe **Hispodina** Voss, 1957 (col. pl. XII: c)  
*Hispodini* Voss, 1957: 102  
 Type genus: *Hispodus* Marshall, 1955

Genus *Hispodes* Marshall, 1955 (col. pl. XII: c)  
*Hispodes* Marshall, 1955: 21  
Type species. *Hispodes spicatus* Marshall, 1955

*Hispodes spicatus* Marshall, 1955  
*Hispodes spicatus* Marshall, 1955: 24

**Distribution.** South Africa.

**Host plants.** *Rhoicissus* [Marvaldi, Oberprieler, Lyal, Bradbury, Anderson, 2006].

#### Oxycorynitae incertae sedis

Genus *Khetana* Zherikhin, 1993, placem.n.  
*Khetana* Zherikhin, 1993: 23

Type species: *Khetana decapitata* Zherikhin, 1993

**Remarks.** The genus was located in Eobelinae (Eobelidae sensu L. Arnoldi, 1977). Characters (wide second segment of tarsi, short legs and wide body) make it possible to place this genus in supertribe Oxycorynitae of subfamily Oxycoryninae.

*Khetana decapitata* Zherikhin, 1993  
*Khetana decapitata* Zherikhin, 1993: 23

**Distribution.** Early Cretaceous (Khabarovskii krai: Khetana).

**Host plants.** Unknown.

Supertribe **Allocorynitae** Sharp, 1890 (col. pl. XII: e-j;  
XIII: a-d, f, g; XIV: 11, 19, 23, 29)  
Allocoryninae Sharp, 1890: 45  
Type genus: *Allocorynus* Sharp, 1890

Genus *Parallocorynus* Voss, 1943 (col. pl. XII: e-h)  
*Allocorynus* subg. *Parallocorynus* Voss, 1943: 59  
Type species: *Allocorynus bicolor* Voss, 1943

*Parallocorynus bicolor* (Voss, 1943)  
*Allocorynus bicolor* Voss, 1943: 59

**Distribution.** Mexico.

**Host plants.** *Dioon* [Marvaldi, Oberprieler, Lyal, Bradbury, Anderson, 2006].

Genus *Rhopalotria* Chevrolat, 1878 (col. pl. XII: i, j;  
XIII: a-d, f, g; XIV: 11, 19, 23, 29)  
*Rhopalotria* Chevrolat, 1878: XCVII

Type species: *Rhopalotria dimidiata* Chevrolat, 1878  
*Allocorynus* Sharp 1890: 46; type species. *Allocorynus mollis* Sharp, 1890

**Host plants.** *Zamia*, *Dioon* [O'Brien, 1991].

*Rhopalotria dimidiata* Chevrolat, 1878  
*Rhopalotria dimidiata* Chevrolat, 1878: XCVII

**Distribution.** Cuba.

**Host plants.** *Zamia* [Muniz, Barrera, 1969].

*Rhopalotria mollis* (Sharp, 1890)  
*Allocorynus mollis* Sharp, 1890: 46

**Distribution.** USA (Florida), Mexico.

**Host plants.** *Zamia* [Norstog, 1987; O'Brien, 1991].

*Rhopalotria slossonae* (Schaeffer, 1905)  
*Allocorynus slossonae* Schaeffer, 1905: 139

**Distribution.** USA (Florida).

**Host plants.** *Zamia* [Tang, 1987; O'Brien, 1991].

Supertribe **Aglycyderitae** Wollaston, 1864 (col. pl. XIII: e, h)  
Aglycyderidae Wollaston, 1864: 384  
Type genus: *Aglycyderes* Westwood, 1864

Tribe **Distenorrhinoidini** Legalov, trib.n.

Type genus: *Distenorrhinoides* Gratshev & Zherikhin, 2000

**Remarks.** For a description, see that of *Distenorrhinoides* [Gratshev, Zherikhin, 2000: 39].

**Diagnosis.** The new tribe is close to tribes Alloxycoreynini and Aglycyderini. It differs from the first by the shape of pronotum, absence of sharp lateral carinae, structure of mandibles, weakly convex eyes and thin rostrum. It differs from the second by the mandible structure, weakly convex eyes, long and thin rostrum.

Genus *Distenorrhinoides* Gratshev & Zherikhin, 2000  
*Distenorrhinoides* Gratshev & Zherikhin, 2000: 39  
Type species: *Distenorrhinoides simulator* Gratshev & Zherikhin, 2000

*Distenorrhinoides simulator* Gratshev & Zherikhin, 2000  
*Distenorrhinoides simulator* Gratshev & Zherikhin, 2000: 39

**Distribution.** Early Cretaceous (Spain: Montsec Range).

**Host plants.** Unknown.

Tribe **Alloxycoreynini** Legalov, trib.n. (col. pl. XIII: e, h)  
Type genus: *Alloxycoreynus* Voss, 1957

**Description.** Body black, brown or yellowy-brown, naked or with setae. Head, pronotum, procoxa and femora, partially antennae sometimes red-brown. Rostrum almost direct, thicker in males and slightly curved and long in females. Antennae inserted ventrally near the rostrum basis. Frons flattened. Eyes large, slightly convex. Head behind eyes without groove. Vertex convex. Temples short. Antennae thin, long. Clava distinct, 3-segmented. Pronotum campaniform. Disc sparsely punctate, without carinae. Sides sharp, without teeth. Scutellum wide, almost rectangular. Elytra wide, flattened, with carinae or without carinae and rows of points. Scutellar striae distinct. Intervals almost flat or convex. Apex of elytra without tooth. Precoxal part elongated. Metathorax elongated. Abdomen slightly convex. 1st ventrite more or less elongated. Legs long. Femora widened, without teeth. Tibiae biconcave, with long mucro. Tarsi long, longer than tibiae. 1st segment of tarsi triangular, 2nd and 3rd segments bilobed. Claws without teeth. Length of body: 2.8-7.0 mm.  
**Diagnosis.** The new tribe is similar to tribe Aglycyderini but differs by the lateral carinae of pronotum, the greatest width of pronotum at base, thin and long rostrum.

Genus *Alloxycoreynus* Voss, 1957 (col. pl. XIII: e, h)  
*Alloxycoreynus* Voss, 1957: 101  
Type species: *Oxycorynus bruchi* Heller, 1911

*Alloxycoreynus bruchi* (Heller, 1911) (col. pl. XIII: e, h)

*Oxycorynus bruchi* Heller, 1911: 6

**Distribution.** Argentina, Bolivia.

**Host plants.** Ombrophytum [Anderson, 2005].

**Remarks.** The lectotype is designated by the author – a female from the SMTD collection with labels “Argentina, Prov. Catamarca, II.1900, C. Bruch”, “1911, 3”, “Typus”, “Staatl. Museum für Tierkunde, Dresden”, “Lectotype *Oxycorynus bruchi* Heller, 1911, A. Legalov des. 2005”.

*Alloxcorynus whiteheadi* Anderson, 2005

*Alloxcorynus whiteheadi* Anderson, 2005: 648

**Distribution.** Peru.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

Genus *Balanophorobius* Anderson, 2005

*Balanophorobius* Anderson, 2005: 645

Type species: *Balanophorobius gamezi* Anderson, 2005

*Balanophorobius gamezi* Anderson, 2005

*Balanophorobius gamezi* Anderson, 2005: 648

**Distribution.** Costa Rica.

**Host plants.** Helosis [Anderson, 2005; Marvaldi, Oberprieler, Lyal, Bradbury, Anderson, 2006].

Tribe Aglycyderini Wollaston, 1864 (col. pl. XIII: i-m;  
XIV: 16, 24, 28, 36)

Aglycyderidae Wollaston, 1864: 384

Type genus: *Aglycyderes* Westwood, 1864

*Proterhinides* Sharp, 1889: 298; type genus: *Proterhinus* Sharp, 1878

Platycephalidae Paulian, 1944: 118; type genus: *Platycephala* Montrouzier, 1861

Genus *Aglycyderes* Westwood, 1864 (col. pl. XIII: i, j)

*Aglycyderes* Westwood, 1864: 179

Type species: *Aglycyderes setifer* Westwood, 1864

*Aglycyderes setifer* Westwood, 1864

*Aglycyderes setifer* Westwood, 1864: 179

**Distribution.** Canary Is.

**Host plants.** Euphorbia [Paulian, 1944].

*Aglycyderes tavakiliani* Menier, 1974

*Aglycyderes tavakiliani* Menier, 1974: 14

**Distribution.** Morocco.

**Host plants.** Euphorbia [Menier, 1974].

Genus *Aralius* Kuschel, 1990

*Aralius* Kuschel, 1990: 79 [RN]

Type species: *Platycephala olivieri* Montrouzier, 1861

*Platycephala* Montrouzier, 1861: 268 (non Fallén, 1820);  
type species: *Platycephala olivieri* Montrouzier, 1861

**Remarks.** 2 undescribed species have been reported from New Caledonia [Kuschel, 2003].

*Aralius olivieri* (Montrouzier, 1861)

*Platycephala olivieri* Montrouzier, 1861: 268

**Distribution.** New Caledonia.

**Host plants.** Araliaceae [Kuschel, 2003].

*Aralius wollastoni* (Sharp, 1876)

*Aglycyderes wollastoni* Sharp, 1876: 28

*Aglycyderes badius* Broun, 1880: 427

*Platycephala jeanneli* Paulian, 1944: 118

**Distribution.** New Zealand.

**Host plants.** Pseudopanax [Kuschel, 2003].

Genus *Proterhinus* Sharp, 1878 (col. pl. XIII: k-m; XIV:  
16, 24, 28, 36)

*Proterhinus* Sharp, 1878: 16

Type species: *Proterhinus vestitus* Sharp, 1878

*Proterhinus abnormis* Perkins, 1920

*Proterhinus abnormis* Perkins, 1920: 352

**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).

**Host plants.** Broussaia [Perkins, 1920].

*Proterhinus abundans* Perkins, 1926

*Proterhinus abundans* Perkins, 1926: 65

**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Proterhinus adamsoni* Perkins, 1932

*Proterhinus adamsoni* Perkins, 1932: 21

**Distribution.** Marquesas Islands.

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Proterhinus adelus* Perkins, 1900

*Proterhinus adelus* Perkins, 1900: 202

*Proterhinus adelus* v. *adeloides* Perkins, 1910: 657

*Proterhinus adelus* v. *chrysadelus* Perkins, 1910: 658

*Proterhinus adelus* v. *constricticeps* Perkins, 1910: 658

**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Proterhinus affinis* Perkins, 1900

*Proterhinus affinis* Perkins, 1900: 238

**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Proterhinus alyxiae pauper* Perkins, 1900

*Proterhinus alyxiae* v. *pauper* Perkins, 1900: 244

**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Lanai).

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Proterhinus alyxia alyxiae* Perkins, 1900

*Proterhinus alyxiae* Perkins, 1900: 244

**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Molokai).

**Host plants.** Alyxia [Perkins, 1900].

*Proterhinus amaurodes* Perkins, 1900

*Proterhinus amaurodes* Perkins, 1900: 190

**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Kauai).

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Proterhinus analcis* Perkins, 1900

*Proterhinus analcis* Perkins, 1900: 230

**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Lanai).

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Proterhinus angularis* Sharp, 1881

*Proterhinus angularis* Sharp, 1881: 530

**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Proterhinus angustiformis* Perkins, 1900

*Proterhinus angustiformis* Perkins, 1900: 197

**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Kauai).

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Proterhinus angustior* Perkins, 1900

*Proterhinus angustior* Perkins, 1900: 233

**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Molokai).

**Host plants.** Unknown.

*Proterhinus anthracias* Perkins, 1900

*Proterhinus anthracias* Perkins, 1900: 185

**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Kauai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus antiquus* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus antiquus* Perkins, 1900: 193  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Kauai).  
**Host plants.** Broussaisia [Perkins, 1920].  
*Proterhinus archaeus* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus archaeus* Perkins, 1900: 209  
*Proterhinus archaeus v. diversus* Perkins, 1900: 209  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Straussia, Pelea [Perkins, 1900, 1910].  
*Proterhinus arhopalus* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus arhopalus* Perkins, 1900: 219  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Maui).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus asteliae* Perkins, 1920  
*Proterhinus asteliae* Perkins, 1920: 351  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Astelia [Perkins, 1920].  
*Proterhinus ater* Perkins, 1920  
*Proterhinus ater* Perkins, 1920: 356  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus basalis* Sharp, 1879  
*Proterhinus basalis* Sharp, 1879: 98  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Kauai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus binotatus* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus binotatus* Perkins, 1900: 191  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Kauai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus blackburni* Sharp, 1878  
*Proterhinus blackburni* Sharp, 1878: 17  
*Proterhinus hystrix* Sharp, 1881: 527  
*Proterhinus blackburni v. bisignatus* Perkins, 1900: 246  
*Proterhinus blackburni v. eugeniae* Perkins, 1900: 246  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus brevicornis* Zimmerman & Perrault, 1989  
*Proterhinus brevicornis* Zimmerman & Perrault, 1989: 153  
**Distribution.** Society Islands.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus breviformis* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus breviformis* Perkins, 1900: 229  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Lanai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus brevipennis* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus brevipennis* Perkins, 1900: 218  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Maui).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus bridwelli* Perkins, 1920  
*Proterhinus bridwelli* Perkins, 1920: 350  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Maui).  
**Host plants.** Euphorbia [Perkins, 1920].  
*Proterhinus bryani* Perkins, 1926  
*Proterhinus bryani* Perkins, 1926: 64  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus calliphyas* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus calliphyas* Perkins, 1900: 224  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Maui).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus cognatus* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus cognatus* Perkins, 1900: 197  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Kauai).  
**Host plants.** Alyxia [Perkins, 1900].  
*Proterhinus collaris* Sharp, 1879  
*Proterhinus collaris* Sharp, 1879: 96  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Kauai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus comes* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus comes* Perkins, 1900: 213  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Maui).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus compactus* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus compactus* Perkins, 1900: 203  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus convexiusculus* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus convexiusculus* Perkins, 1900: 232  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Molokai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus coprosmicola* Perkins, 1928  
*Proterhinus coprosmicola* Perkins, 1928b: 195  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus crassicornis* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus crassicornis* Perkins, 1900: 185  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Kauai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus cristatus* Perkins, 1931  
*Proterhinus cristatus* Perkins, 1931: 510  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus cuneatus* Perkins, 1920  
*Proterhinus cuneatus* Perkins, 1920: 354  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Maui).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus debilior* Perkins, 1931  
*Proterhinus debilior* Perkins, 1931: 512  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus debilis* Sharp, 1878  
*Proterhinus debilis* Sharp, 1878: 19  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus deceptor* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus deceptor* Perkins, 1900: 245  
*Proterhinus deceptor v. konanus* Perkins, 1900: 246  
*Proterhinus deceptor v. major* Perkins, 1900: 246  
*Proterhinus deceptor clermontiae* Perkins, 1928b: 198  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Hibiscus, Euphorbia, Lipochaeta, Gossypium, Hibiscadelphus [Perkins, 1910, 1920].  
*Proterhinus deinops* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus deinops* Perkins, 1900: 201  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus denudatus* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus denudatus* Perkins, 1900: 203  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.

- Proterhinus desquamatus* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus desquamatus* Perkins, 1900: 240  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus detritus* Sharp, 1885  
*Proterhinus detritus* Sharp, 1885: 172  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Lanai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus difficilis* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus difficilis* Perkins, 1900: 188  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Kauai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus dispar* Sharp, 1881  
*Proterhinus dispar* Sharp, 1881: 528  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Wikstroemia [Perkins, 1910].
- Proterhinus dubiosus* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus dubiosus* Perkins, 1900: 187  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Kauai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus echidna* Perkins, 1910  
*Proterhinus echidna* Perkins, 1910: 658  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Gonldia [Perkins, 1910].
- Proterhinus echinoides* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus echinoides* Perkins, 1900: 232  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Molokai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus epichlorus* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus epichlorus* Perkins, 1900: 230  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Lanai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus epichrysus* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus epichrysus* Perkins, 1900: 218  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Maui).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus epimelas* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus epimelas* Perkins, 1900: 226  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Maui).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus epitrachys* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus epitrachys* Perkins, 1900: 220  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Maui).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus epitretus* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus epitretus* Perkins, 1900: 229  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Lanai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus erythrodes* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus erythrodes* Perkins, 1900: 234  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Molokai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus eugonias* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus eugonias* Perkins, 1900: 186  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Kauai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus eulepis* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus eulepis* Perkins, 1900: 188  
*Proterhinus eulepis* v. *minor* Perkins, 1900: 189  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Kauai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus euops* Perkins, 1920  
*Proterhinus euops* Perkins, 1920: 348  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Euphorbia [Perkins, 1920].
- Proterhinus euphorbiae* Perkins, 1920  
*Proterhinus euphorbiae* Perkins, 1920: 349  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Euphorbia [Perkins, 1920].
- Proterhinus eurhopalus* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus eurhopalus* Perkins, 1900: 196  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Kauai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus eurhynchus* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus eurhynchus* Perkins, 1900: 239  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus excrucians* Perkins, 1910  
*Proterhinus excrucians* Perkins, 1910: 662  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Sida [Perkins, 1920].
- Proterhinus facilis* Perkins, 1910  
*Proterhinus facilis* Perkins, 1910: 663  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus ferrugineus* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus ferrugineus* Perkins, 1900: 241  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus fimbriatus* Zimmerman & Perrault, 1989  
*Proterhinus fimbriatus* Zimmerman & Perrault, 1989: 152  
**Distribution.** Austral Is.: Rurutu, Society Islands.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus fuscicolor* Perkins, 1920  
*Proterhinus fuscicolor* Perkins, 1920: 353  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Maui).  
**Host plants.** Argyroxiphium [Perkins, 1920].
- Proterhinus gigas* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus gigas* Perkins, 1900: 185  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Kauai).  
**Host plants.** Cheirodendron [Perkins, 1900].
- Proterhinus gourvesi* Zimmerman & Perrault, 1989  
*Proterhinus gourvesi* Zimmerman & Perrault, 1989: 153  
**Distribution.** Society Islands.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus gracilis* Sharp, 1881  
*Proterhinus gracilis* Sharp, 1881: 529  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus haleakalae* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus haleakalae* Perkins, 1900: 219  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Maui).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus hawaiiensis* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus hawaiiensis* Perkins, 1900: 236  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus hemichlorus* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus hemichlorus* Perkins, 1900: 217  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Maui).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus heterostictus* Perkins, 1900

*Proterhinus vestitus* v. *heterostictus* Perkins, 1900: 205  
*Proterhinus heterostictus* Perkins, 1910: 661  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus heterotarsus* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus heterotarsus* Perkins, 1900: 234  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Molokai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus homoeochromus* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus homoeochromus* Perkins, 1900: 197  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Kauai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus humeralis* Sharp, 1879  
*Proterhinus humeralis* Sharp, 1879: 96  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus hypotretus* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus hypotretus* Perkins, 1900: 240  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus impressiscutis* Perkins, 1920  
*Proterhinus impressiscutis* Perkins, 1920: 350  
*Proterhinus impressiscutis* v. *nudior* Perkins, 1928b: 196  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Euphorbia [Perkins, 1920].  
*Proterhinus innotabilis* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus innotabilis* Perkins, 1900: 242  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus ineptus* Sharp, 1885  
*Proterhinus ineptus* Sharp, 1885: 171  
*Proterhinus intiger* Sharp, 1885: 172  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Lanai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus insignis* Sharp, 1885  
*Proterhinus insignis* Sharp, 1885: 173  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Lanai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus kaalae* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus kaalae* Perkins, 1900: 209  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus kahanae* Perkins, 1931  
*Proterhinus kahanae* Perkins, 1931: 509  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus kamptarthrus* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus kamptarthrus* Perkins, 1900: 199  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus lanaiensis* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus lanaiensis* Perkins, 1900: 227  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Lanai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus laticollis* Blackburn, 1885  
*Proterhinus laticollis* Blackburn, 1885: 170  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus laticornis* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus laticornis* Perkins, 1900: 196  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Kauai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus lecontei* Sharp, 1879  
*Proterhinus lecontei* Sharp, 1879: 99  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Maui).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus leiorhynchus* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus leiorhynchus* Perkins, 1900: 200  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus leptophyas* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus leptophyas* Perkins, 1900: 198  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Kauai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus leptorhynchus* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus leptorhynchus* Perkins, 1900: 222  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Maui).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus leptothrix* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus leptothrix* Perkins, 1900: 207  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus leucothorax* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus leucothorax* Perkins, 1900: 233  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Molokai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus linearis* Blackburn, 1885  
*Proterhinus linearis* Blackburn, 1885: 169  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Kauai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus longicornis* Sharp, 1885  
*Proterhinus lecontei* Sharp, 1885: 173  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Lanai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus longulus* Sharp, 1879  
*Proterhinus longulus* Sharp, 1879: 97  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus longisetis* Perkins, 1920  
*Proterhinus longisetis* Perkins, 1920: 355  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus maculatus* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus maculatus* Perkins, 1900: 221  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Maui).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus maculifer* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus maculifer* Perkins, 1900: 198  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Kauai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus malespretus* Perkins, 1920  
*Proterhinus malespretus* Perkins, 1920: 355  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
*Proterhinus maurus* Perkins, 1910  
*Proterhinus maurus* Perkins, 1910: 658  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Pelea [Perkins, 1910].  
*Proterhinus megalotarsus* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus megalotarsus* Perkins, 1900: 216  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Maui).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.

- Proterhinus microtarsus* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus microtarsus* Perkins, 1900: 215  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Maui).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus minimus* Perkins, 1910  
*Proterhinus minimus* Perkins, 1910: 666  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus mirabilis* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus mirabilis* Perkins, 1900: 223  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Maui).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus miricornis* Perkins, 1927  
*Proterhinus miricornis* Perkins, 1927: 487  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus molokaiensis* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus molokaiensis* Perkins, 1900: 231  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Molokai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus moribundus* Perkins, 1916  
*Proterhinus moribundus* Perkins, 1916: 251  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Molokai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus mumfordi* Perkins, 1932  
*Proterhinus mumfordi* Perkins, 1932: 19  
**Distribution.** Marquesas Islands.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus myrsineoides* Perkins, 1910  
*Proterhinus myrsineoides* Perkins, 1910: 659  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus myrsineus* Perkins, 1910  
*Proterhinus myrsineus* Perkins, 1910: 659  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Myrsine [Perkins, 1910].
- Proterhinus navita* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus navita* Perkins, 1900: 244  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus neglectus* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus neglectus* Perkins, 1900: 189  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Kauai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus nigricans* Sharp, 1879  
*Proterhinus nigricans* Sharp, 1879: 95  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Kauai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus nivicola* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus nivicola* Perkins, 1900: 225  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Maui).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus oahuensis* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus oahuensis* Perkins, 1900: 208  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus obscuricolor* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus obscuricolor* Perkins, 1900: 202  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Straussia, Pelea [Perkins, 1910].
- Proterhinus obscurus* Sharp, 1878  
*Proterhinus obscurus* Sharp, 1878: 18  
*Proterhinus obscurus* v. *chryseis* Perkins, 1910: 663  
*Proterhinus obscurus* v. *elaecarpi* Perkins, 1910: 663  
*Proterhinus obscurus* v. *perobscurus* Perkins, 1910: 663  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Elaeocarpus, Pritchardia, Euphorbia [Perkins, 1910, 1920].
- Proterhinus ombrophilus* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus ombrophilus* Perkins, 1900: 235  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Molokai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus oscillans* Sharp, 1878  
*Proterhinus oscillans* Sharp, 1878: 18  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Acacia [Perkins, 1910].
- Proterhinus osculans* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus osculans* Perkins, 1900: 222  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Maui).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus oxygenias* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus oxygenias* Perkins, 1900: 206  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus pachycnemis* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus pachycnemis* Perkins, 1900: 211  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus paradoxus* Sharp, 1879  
*Proterhinus paradoxus* Sharp, 1879: 100  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus peles* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus peles* Perkins, 1900: 237  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus persimilis* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus persimilis* Perkins, 1900: 224  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Wikstroemia [Perkins, 1900].
- Proterhinus phoenix* Perkins, 1931  
*Proterhinus phoenix* Perkins, 1931: 511  
**Distribution.** Phoenix Is.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus phyllobius* Perkins, 1920  
*Proterhinus phyllobius* Perkins, 1920: 352  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Broussaisia [Perkins, 1920].
- Proterhinus pipturi* Perkins, 1910  
*Proterhinus pipturi* Perkins, 1910: 665  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Pipturus [Perkins, 1910].
- Proterhinus platygonias* Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus platygonias* Perkins, 1900: 204  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus platygonioides* Perkins, 1910  
*Proterhinus platygonioides* Perkins, 1910: 661  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus podagricus* Perkins, 1910  
*Proterhinus podagricus* Perkins, 1910: 656

- Proterhinus podagricus v. coprosmae*** Perkins, 1928b: 194  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii, Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus pteridis*** Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus pteridis* Perkins, 1900: 235  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Molokai).  
**Host plants.** Pteris [Perkins, 1900].
- Proterhinus punctipennis*** Sharp, 1881  
*Proterhinus punctipennis* Sharp, 1881: 530  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Maui).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus pusillus*** Sharp, 1879  
*Proterhinus pusillus* Sharp, 1879: 97  
*Proterhinus pusillus v. subpusillus* Perkins, 1910: 665  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Pelea [Perkins, 1910].
- Proterhinus robustus*** Blackburn, 1885  
*Proterhinus robustus* Blackburn, 1885: 171  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus rufescens*** Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus rufescens* Perkins, 1900: 237  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus ruficollis*** Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus ruficollis* Perkins, 1900: 226  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Maui).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus ruficornis*** Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus ruficornis* Perkins, 1900: 200  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus samoae*** Perkins, 1907  
*Proterhinus samoae* Perkins, 1907: 88  
**Distribution.** Polynesia, Melanesia, Micronesia.  
**Host plants.** Cocos nucifera [Zimmerman & Perrault, 1989].
- Proterhinus scutatus*** Blackburn, 1885  
*Proterhinus scutatus* Blackburn, 1885: 169  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Kauai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus separandus*** Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus separandus* Perkins, 1900: 221  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Maui).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus serricornis*** Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus serricornis* Perkins, 1900: 195  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Kauai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus seticollis*** Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus seticollis* Perkins, 1900: 207  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus setiger*** Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus setiger* Perkins, 1900: 193  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Kauai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus setulosus*** Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus setulosus* Perkins, 1900: 192  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Kauai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus sharpi*** Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus sharpi* Perkins, 1900: 213  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Maui).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus similis*** Blackburn, 1885  
*Proterhinus similis* Blackburn, 1885: 170  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Acacia.
- Proterhinus simplex*** Sharp, 1878  
*Proterhinus simplex* Sharp, 1878: 17  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus solitarius*** Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus solitarius* Perkins, 1900: 193  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Kauai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus squalidus*** Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus squalidus* Perkins, 1900: 194  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Kauai).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus squamicollis*** Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus squamicollis* Perkins, 1900: 201  
*Proterhinus squamicollis v. moestus* Perkins, 1928b: 197  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus sternalioides*** Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus sternalioides* Perkins, 1900: 215  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Maui).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus sternalis*** Sharp, 1879  
*Proterhinus sternalis* Sharp, 1879: 98  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Maui).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus subangularis*** Perkins, 1910  
*Proterhinus subangularis* Perkins, 1910: 660  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Straussia [Perkins, 1920].
- Proterhinus subdeceptor*** Perkins, 1910  
*Proterhinus subdeceptor* Perkins, 1910: 664  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Alyxia [Perkins, 1910].
- Proterhinus subplanatus*** Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus subplanatus* Perkins, 1900: 205  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Straussia [Perkins, 1910].
- Proterhinus swezeyi*** Perkins, 1920  
*Proterhinus swezeyi* Perkins, 1920: 347  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Pritchardia [Perkins, 1920].
- Proterhinus tantali*** Perkins, 1935  
*Proterhinus tantali* Perkins, 1935: 87  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.
- Proterhinus tarsalis*** Blackburn, 1885  
*Proterhinus tarsalis* Blackburn, 1885: 171  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Metrosideros.
- Proterhinus transversalis*** Perkins, 1910  
*Proterhinus transversalis* Perkins, 1910: 662  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.



***Proterhinus tuberculiceps*** Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus tuberculiceps* Perkins, 1900: 214  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Maui).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
***Proterhinus unicolor*** Perkins, 1936  
*Proterhinus unicolor* Perkins, 1936: 221  
**Distribution.** Marquesas Islands.  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
***Proterhinus validus*** Sharp, 1881  
*Proterhinus validus* Sharp, 1881: 531  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Maui).  
**Host plants.** Acacia [Perkins, 1900].  
***Proterhinus vestitus*** Sharp, 1878  
*Proterhinus vestitus* Sharp, 1878: 16  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Aleurites, Pipturus, Pisonia, Ipomoea, Charpeutiera, Dracaena, Hybiscus [Perkins, 1910, 1920; Sharp, 1878].  
***Proterhinus vicinus*** Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus vicinus* Perkins, 1900: 212  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Oahu).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
***Proterhinus vulcanus*** Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus vulcanus* Perkins, 1900: 236  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.  
***Proterhinus wikstroemiae*** Perkins, 1900  
*Proterhinus wikstroemiae* Perkins, 1900: 195  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii: Kauai).  
**Host plants.** Wikstroemia [Perkins, 1900].  
***Proterhinus xanthoxyli*** Perkins, 1931  
*Proterhinus xanthoxyli* Perkins, 1931: 511  
**Distribution.** USA (Hawaii).  
**Host plants.** Unknown.

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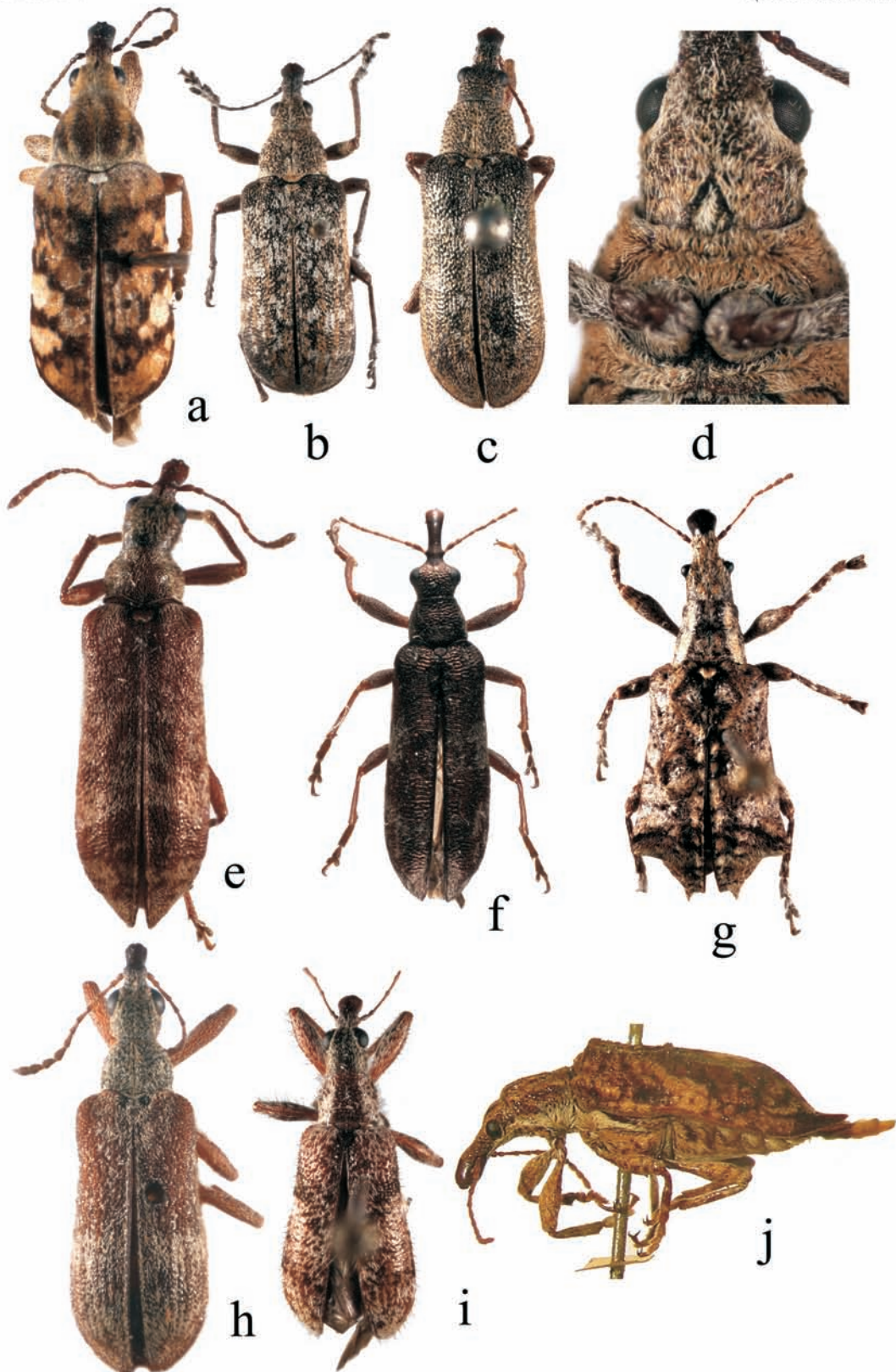
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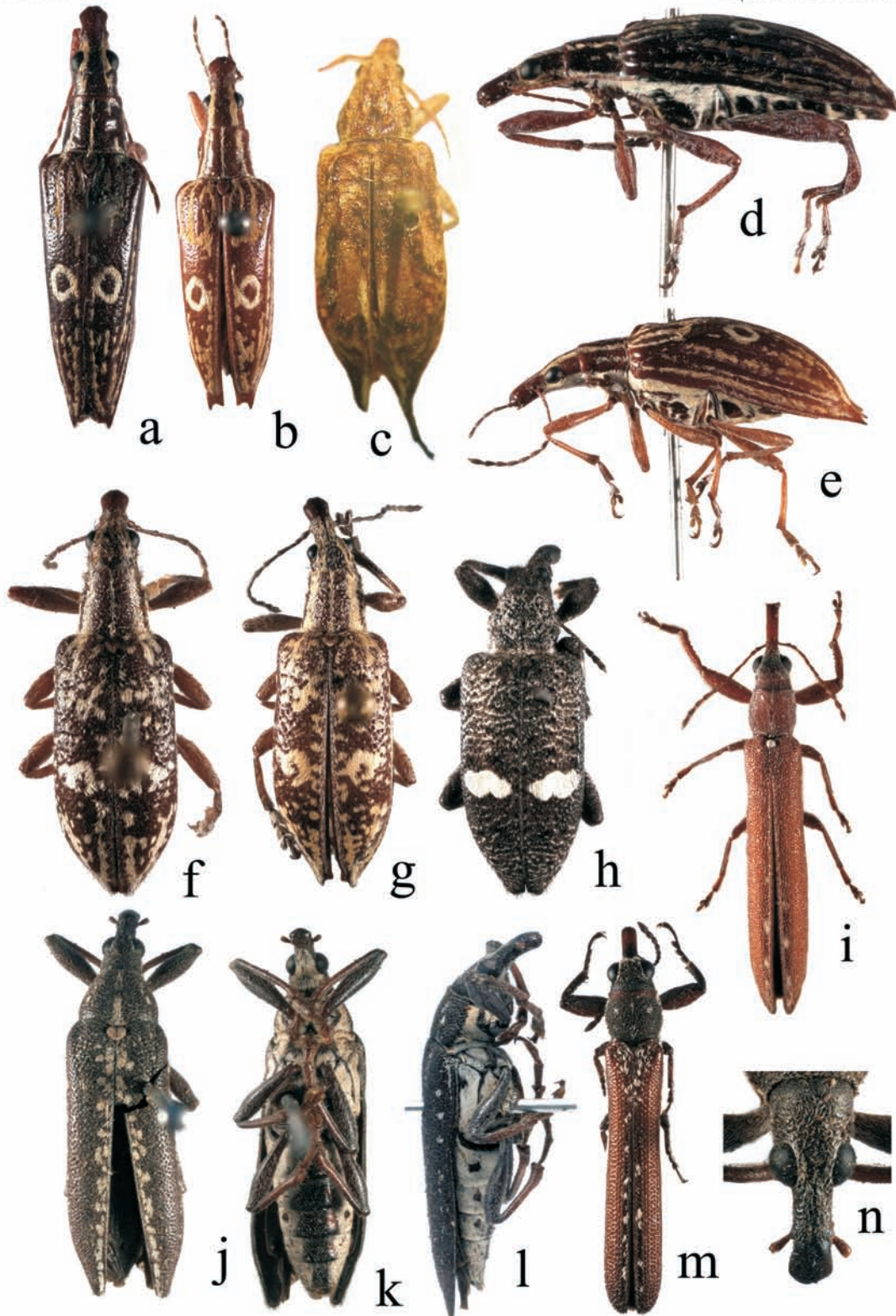
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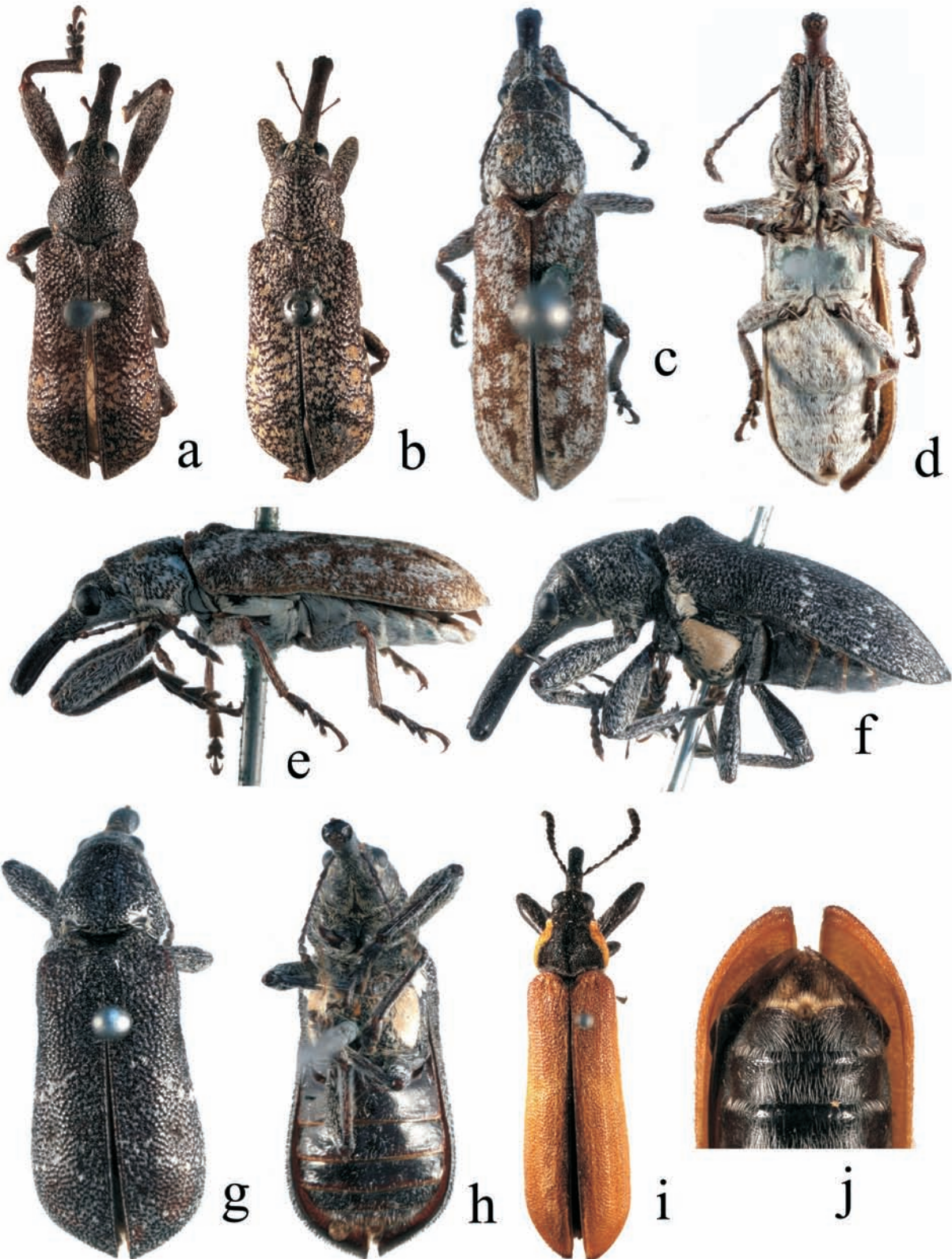
Supertribe Pachyuritae gen. spp.: a – *Hadrobelus undulatus*, male, paratype (dorsal view), b – *Pachyura australis*, female (dorsal view), c – *P. australis*, male (dorsal view), d – *P. australis*, head and prothorax (ventral view), e – *Pachyurinus sticticus*, female (dorsal view), f – *Ricnobelis metallicus*, male (dorsal view), g – *Agathinus tridens*, female (dorsal view), h – *Sphinctobelus cinereus*, female (dorsal view), i – *Agnesiotis pilosula*, male (dorsal view), j – *Cyrtophus blandus*, female, lectotype (lateral view).

Представители Pachyuritae gen. spp.: a – *Hadrobelus undulatus*, самец, паратип (вид сверху), b – *Pachyura australis*, самка (вид сверху), c – *P. australis*, самец (вид сверху), d – *P. australis*, голова и переднегрудь (вид снизу), e – *Pachyurinus sticticus*, самка (вид сверху), f – *Ricnobelis metallicus*, самец (вид сверху), g – *Agathinus tridens*, самка (вид сверху), h – *Sphinctobelus cinereus*, самка (вид сверху), i – *Agnesiotis pilosula*, самец (вид сверху), j – *Cyrtophus blandus*, самка, лектотип (вид сбоку).



Subfamily Belinae gen. spp.: a – *Atractuchus argus*, male (dorsal view), b – *A. argus*, female (dorsal view), c – *Cyrtophus blandus*, female, lectotype (dorsal view), d – *Atractuchus argus*, male (lateral view), e – *A. argus*, female (lateral view), f – *Dicordylus marmoratus*, male (dorsal view), g – *D. marmoratus*, female (dorsal view), h – *D. balteatus*, female (dorsal view), i – *Araiobelus filum*, female (dorsal view), j – *Macrobelus insignis*, female, lectotype (dorsal view), k – *M. insignis*, female, lectotype (ventral view), l – *M. insignis*, female, lectotype (lateral view), m – *Araiobelus tenis*, male (dorsal view), n – *Macrobelus insignis*, head of female, lectotype (dorsal view).

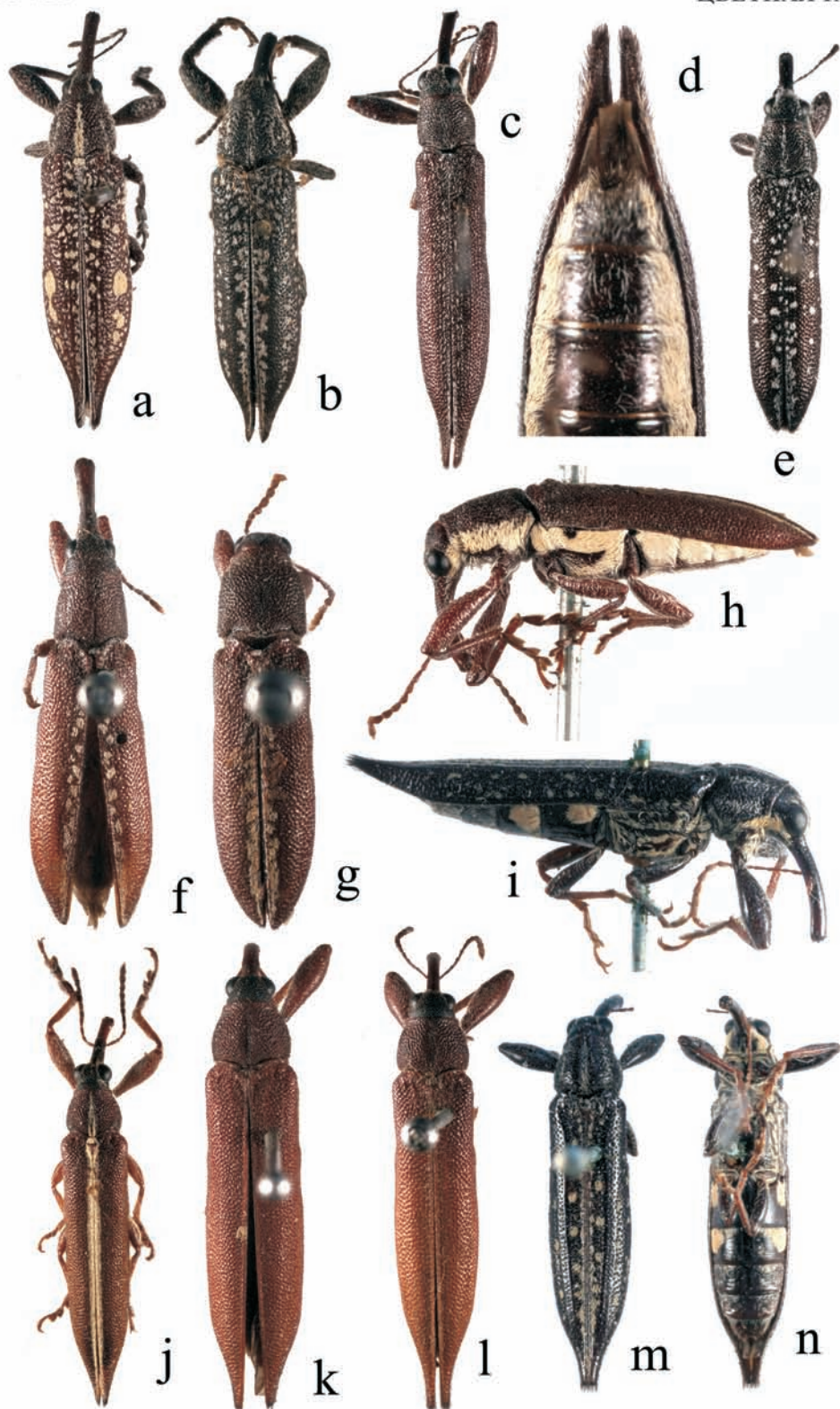
Представители Belinae gen. spp.: a – *Atractuchus argus*, самец (вид сверху), b – *A. argus*, самка (вид сверху), c – *Cyrtophus blandus*, самка, лектотип (вид сверху), d – *Atractuchus argus*, самец (вид сбоку), e – *A. argus*, самка (вид сбоку), f – *Dicordylus marmoratus*, самец (вид сверху), g – *D. marmoratus*, самка (вид сверху), h – *D. balteatus*, самка (вид сверху), i – *Araiobelus filum*, самка (вид сверху), j – *Macrobelus insignis*, самка, лектотип (вид сверху), k – *M. insignis*, самка, лектотип (вид снизу), l – *M. insignis*, самка, лектотип (вид сбоку), m – *Araiobelus tenis*, самец (вид сверху), n – *Macrobelus insignis*, голова самки, лектотип (вид сверху).



Supertribe Belitae gen. spp.: a – *Isacantha rhynchitoides*, male (dorsal view), b – *I. rhynchitoides*, female (dorsal view), c – *I. punctirostris*, female, lectotype (dorsal view), d – *I. punctirostris*, female, lectotype (ventral view), e – *I. punctirostris*, female, lectotype (lateral view), f – *I. serrata*, female, lectotype (lateral view), g – *I. serrata*, female, lectotype (dorsal view), h – *I. serrata*, female, lectotype (ventral view), i – *Rhinotia haemoptera*, male (dorsal view), j – *Rh. haemoptera*, apex of abdomen of male (dorsal view).

Представители Belitae gen. spp.: a – *Isacantha rhynchitoides*, самец (вид сверху), b – *I. rhynchitoides*, самка (вид сверху), c – *I. punctirostris*, самка, лектотип (вид сверху), d – *I. punctirostris*, самка, лектотип (вид снизу), e – *I. punctirostris*, самка, лектотип (вид сбоку), f – *I. serrata*, самка, лектотип (вид сбоку), g – *I. serrata*, самка, лектотип (вид сверху), h – *I. serrata*, самка, лектотип (вид снизу), i – *Rhinotia haemoptera*, самец (вид сверху), j – *Rh. haemoptera*, вершина брюшка самца (вид сверху).





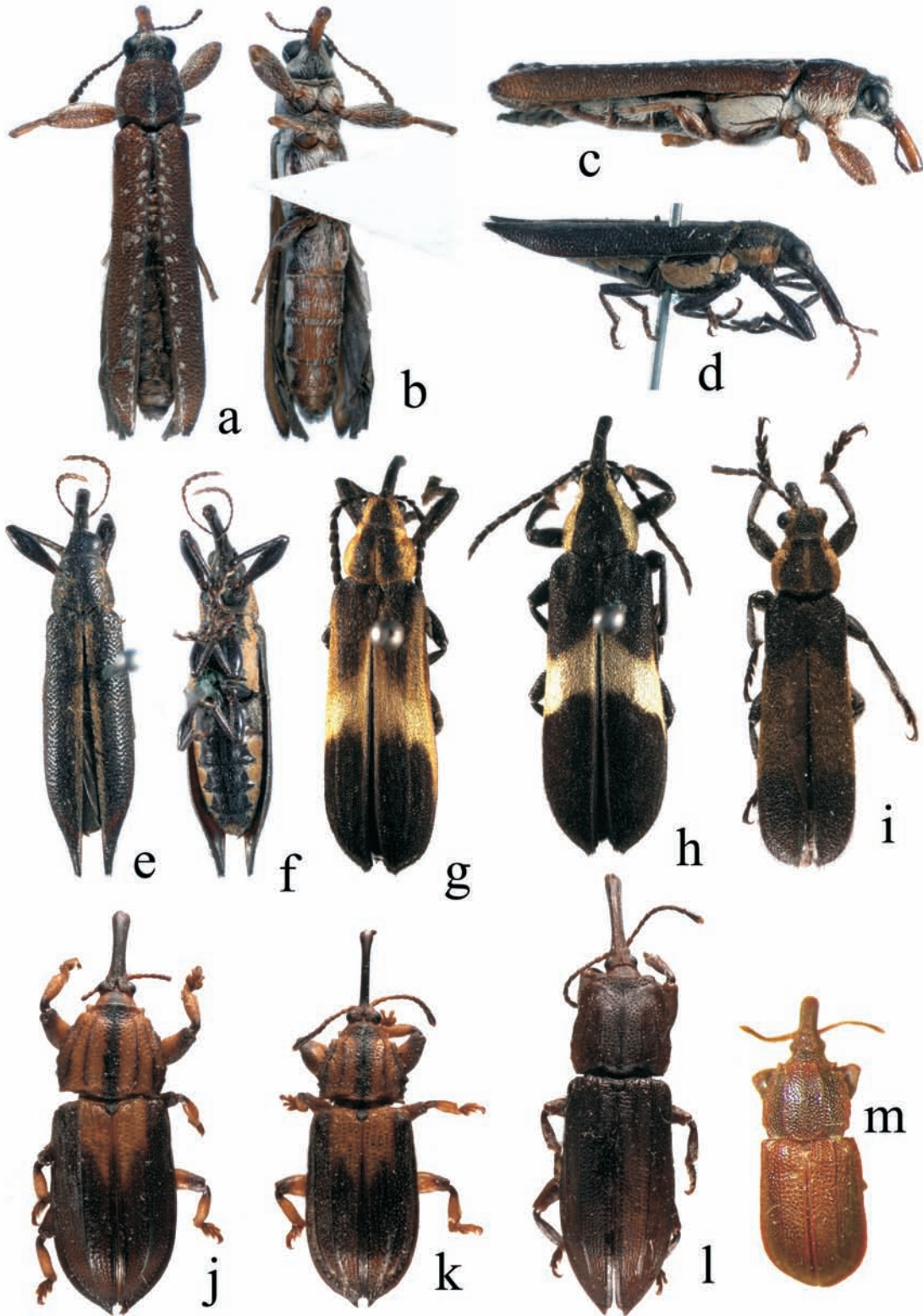
Supertribe Belitae gen. spp.: a – *Orthorhynchus bidentatus*, female (dorsal view), b – *O. semipunctatus*, female (dorsal view), c – *O. angustulus*, female (dorsal view), d – *O. angustulus*, apex of abdomen of female (ventral view), e – *O. (Australobelus) sp.*, male (dorsal view), f – *Pseudorhinotia brunnea*, female (dorsal view), g – *P. brunnea*, male (dorsal view), h – *P. brunnea*, male (lateral view), i – *Orthorhynchoides ruficornis*, female, lectotype (lateral view), j – *O. suturalis*, male (dorsal view), k – *O. suturalis f. phonicopterus*, male (dorsal view), l – *O. suturalis f. phonicopterus*, female (dorsal view), m – *O. ruficornis*, female, lectotype (dorsal view), n – *O. ruficornis*, female, lectotype (ventral view).

Представители Belitae gen. spp.: a – *Orthorhynchus bidentatus*, самка (вид сверху), b – *O. semipunctatus*, самка (вид сверху), c – *O. angustulus*, самка (вид сверху), d – *O. angustulus*, вершина брюшка самки (вид снизу), e – *O. (Australobelus) sp.*, самец (вид сверху), f – *Pseudorhinotia brunnea*, самка (вид сверху), g – *P. brunnea*, самец (вид сверху), h – *P. brunnea*, самец (вид сбоку), i – *Orthorhynchoides ruficornis*, самка, лектотип (вид сбоку), j – *O. suturalis*, самец (вид сверху), k – *O. suturalis f. phonicopterus*, самец (вид сверху), l – *O. suturalis f. phonicopterus*, самка (вид сверху), m – *O. ruficornis*, самка, лектотип (вид сверху), n – *O. ruficornis*, самка, лектотип (вид снизу).



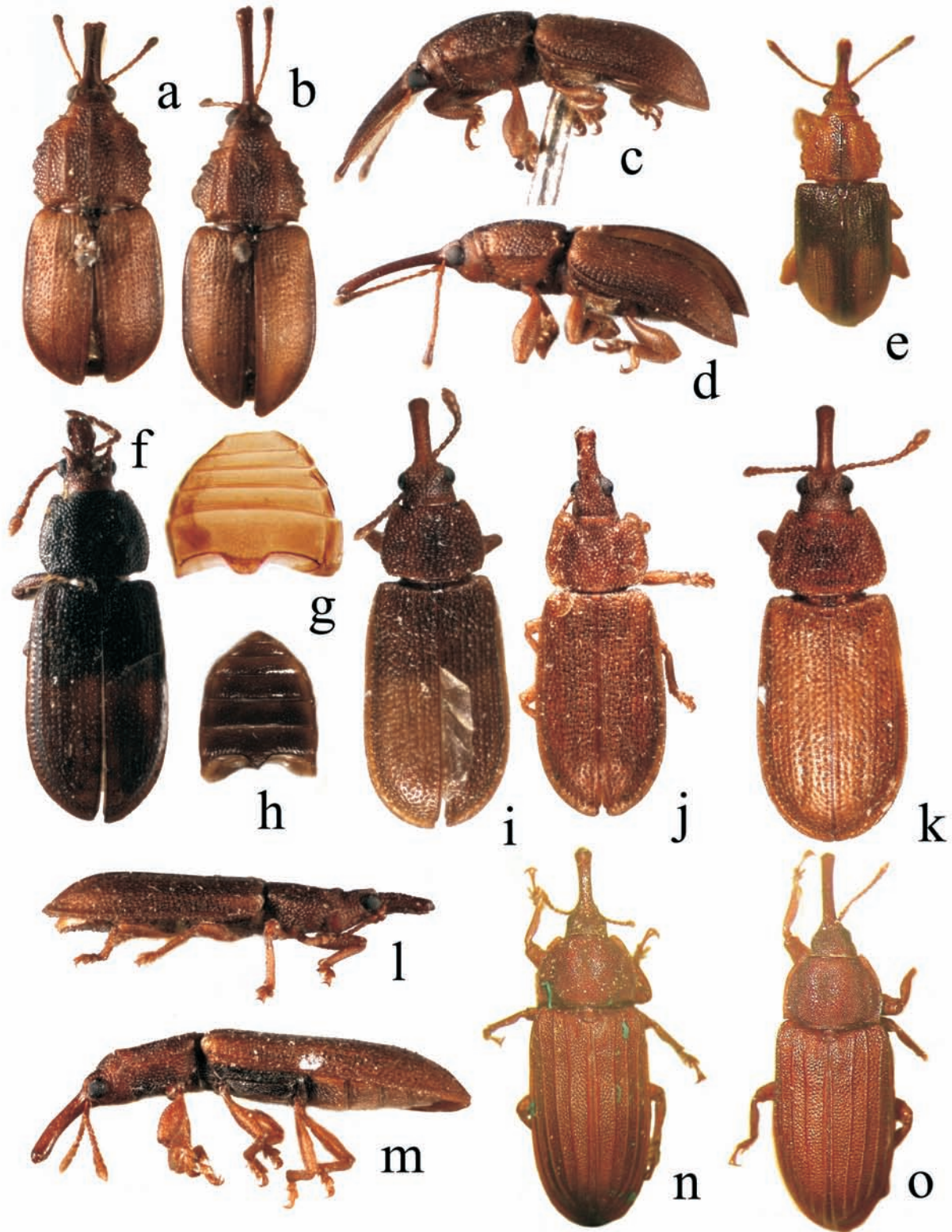
Supertribe Belitae gen. spp.: a – *Orthorhynchoides biroi*, male, holotype (dorsal view), b – *O. biroi*, male, holotype (lateral view), c – *O. viridimetallicus*, male, lectotype (dorsal view), d – *Tasmanobelus pictirostris*, male, lectotype (lateral view), e – *Orthorhynchoides viridimetallicus*, male, lectotype (lateral view), f – *Tasmanobelus pictirostris*, male, lectotype (dorsal view), g – *T. pictirostris*, male, lectotype (ventral view), h – *Blackburnibelus bimaculatus*, female (dorsal view), i – *Rhinotiodes spinipennis* (dorsal view), j – *Stenobelus tibialis*, female (dorsal view), k – *Trichophthalmus miltomerus*, female (dorsal view).

Представители Belitae gen. spp.: a – *Orthorhynchoides biroi*, самец, holotype (вид сверху), b – *O. biroi*, самец, holotype (вид сбоку), c – *O. viridimetallicus*, самец, лектотип (вид сверху), d – *Tasmanobelus pictirostris*, самец, лектотип (вид сбоку), e – *Orthorhynchoides viridimetallicus*, самец, лектотип (вид сбоку), f – *Tasmanobelus pictirostris*, самец, лектотип (вид сверху), g – *T. pictirostris*, самец, лектотип (вид снизу), h – *Blackburnibelus bimaculatus*, самка (вид сверху), i – *Rhinotiodes spinipennis* (вид сверху), j – *Stenobelus tibialis*, самка (вид сверху), k – *Trichophthalmus miltomerus*, самка (вид сверху).



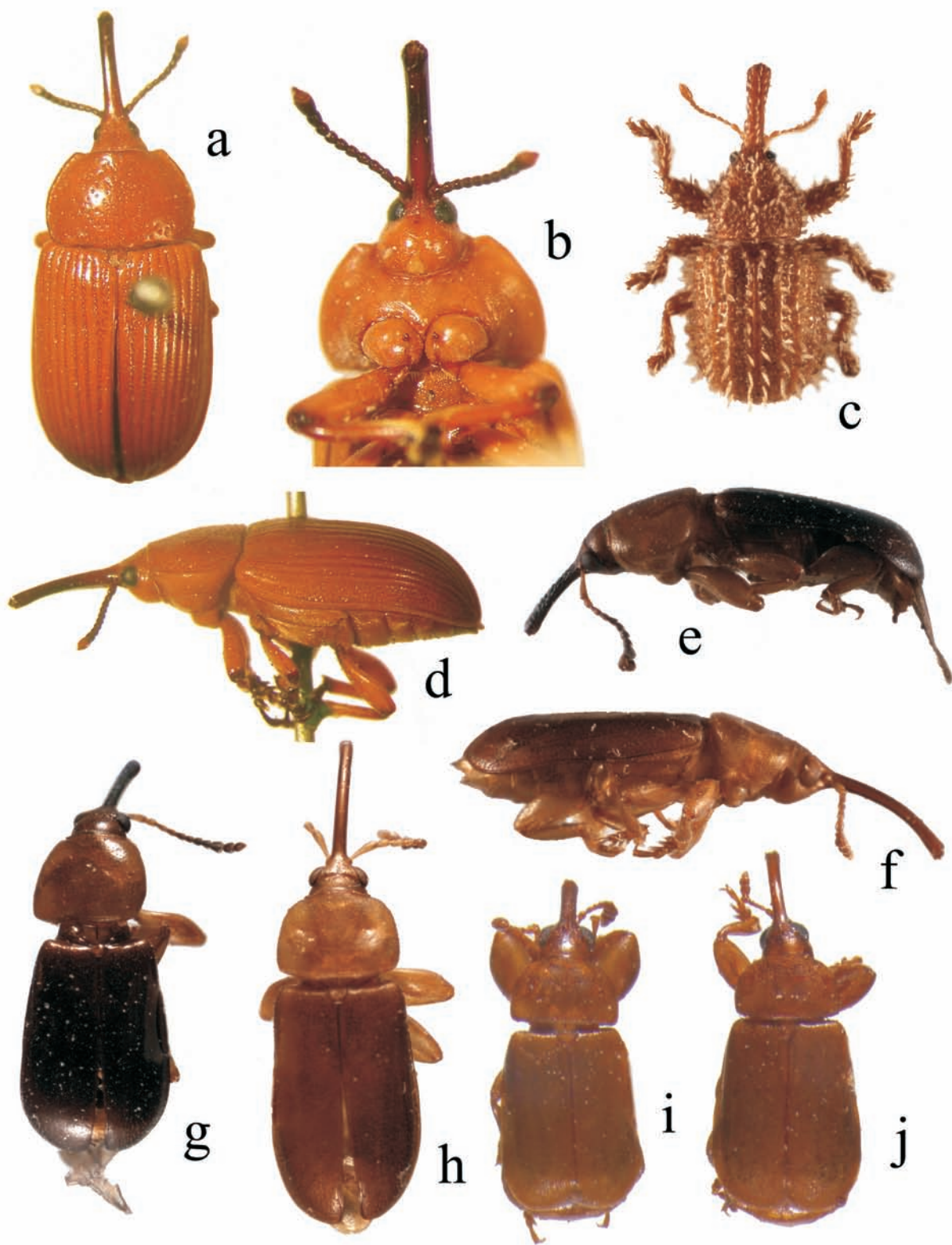
Family Belidae gen. spp.: a – *Araiobelus inconstans*, female, lectotype (dorsal view), b – *A. inconstans*, female, lectotype (ventral view), c – *A. inconstans*, female, lectotype (lateral view), d – *Orthorhynchus subsuturalis*, female, lectotype (lateral view), e – *O. subsuturalis*, female, lectotype (dorsal view), f – *O. subsuturalis*, female, lectotype (ventral view), g – *Homalocerus lyciformis*, male (dorsal view), h – *H. lyciformis*, female (dorsal view), i – *H. xixim*, female (dorsal view), j – *Lyalixena enderleini*, male (dorsal view), k – *L. enderleini*, female (dorsal view), l – *Zherichinixena nigra*, male, holotype (dorsal view), m – *Wallacexena corporaali*, male, lectotype (dorsal view).

Представители Belidae gen. spp.: a – *Araiobelus inconstans*, самка, лектотип (вид сверху), b – *A. inconstans*, самка, лектотип (вид снизу), c – *A. inconstans*, самка, лектотип (вид сбоку), d – *Orthorhynchus subsuturalis*, самка, лектотип (вид сбоку), e – *O. subsuturalis*, самка, лектотип (вид сверху), f – *O. subsuturalis*, самка, лектотип (вид снизу), g – *Homalocerus lyciformis*, самец (вид сверху), h – *H. lyciformis*, самка (вид сверху), i – *H. xixim*, самка (вид сверху), j – *Lyalixena enderleini*, самец (вид сверху), k – *L. enderleini*, самка (вид сверху), l – *Zherichinixena nigra*, самец, holotype (вид сверху), m – *Wallacexena corporaali*, самец, лектотип (вид сверху).



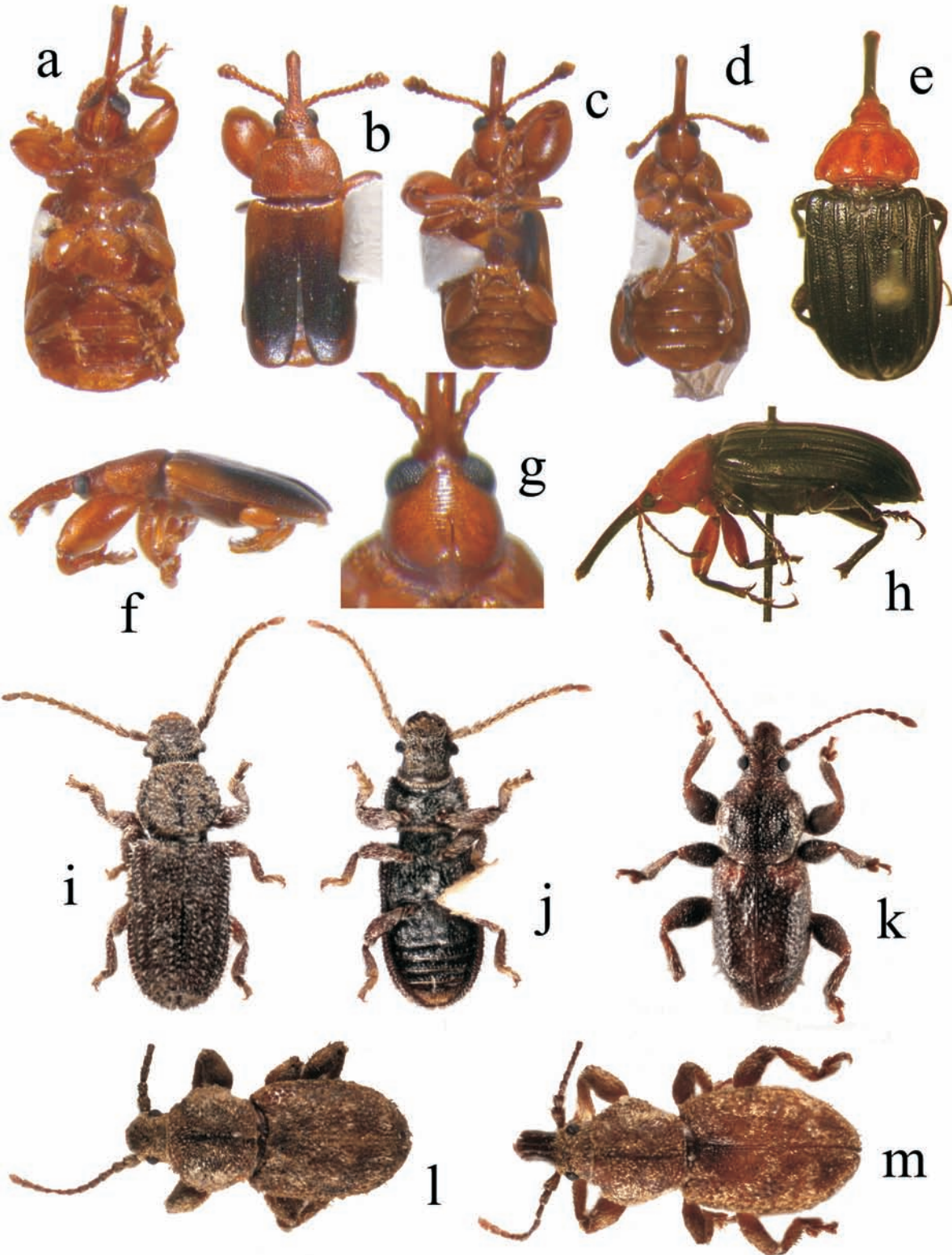
Subfamily Oxycoryninae gen. spp.: a – *Metrixena decisa*, male (dorsal view), b – *M. decisa*, female (dorsal view), c – *M. decisa*, male (lateral view), d – *M. decisa*, female (lateral view), e – *M. serricollis*, male (dorsal view), f – *Oxycraspedus cornutus*, male (dorsal view), g – *Vladimirixena sumatrana*, anabomen of male (dorsal view), h – *Oxycraspedus cornutus*, anabomen of male (dorsal view), i – *O. cornutus*, female (dorsal view), j – *O. minutus*, male (dorsal view), k – *O. minutus*, male (dorsal view), l – *O. minutus*, male (lateral view), m – *O. minutus*, female (lateral view), n – *Hydnorobius hydnorae*, male (dorsal view), o – *H. hydnorae*, female (dorsal view).

Представители Охусогорпинае gen. spp.: а – *Metrixena decisa*, самец (вид сверху), б – *M. decisa*, самка (вид сверху), с – *M. decisa*, самец (вид сбоку), д – *M. decisa*, самка (вид сбоку), е – *M. serricollis*, самец (вид сверху), ф – *Oxycraspedus cornutus*, самец (вид сверху), г – *Vladimirixena sumatrana*, брюшко самца (вид сверху), г – *Oxycraspedus cornutus*, брюшко самца (вид сверху), и – *O. cornutus*, самка (вид сверху), ж – *O. minutus*, самец (вид сверху), к – *O. minutus*, самец (вид сверху), л – *O. minutus*, самец (вид сбоку), м – *O. minutus*, самка (вид сбоку), н – *Hydnorobius hydnorae*, самец (вид сверху), о – *H. hydnorae*, самка (вид сверху).



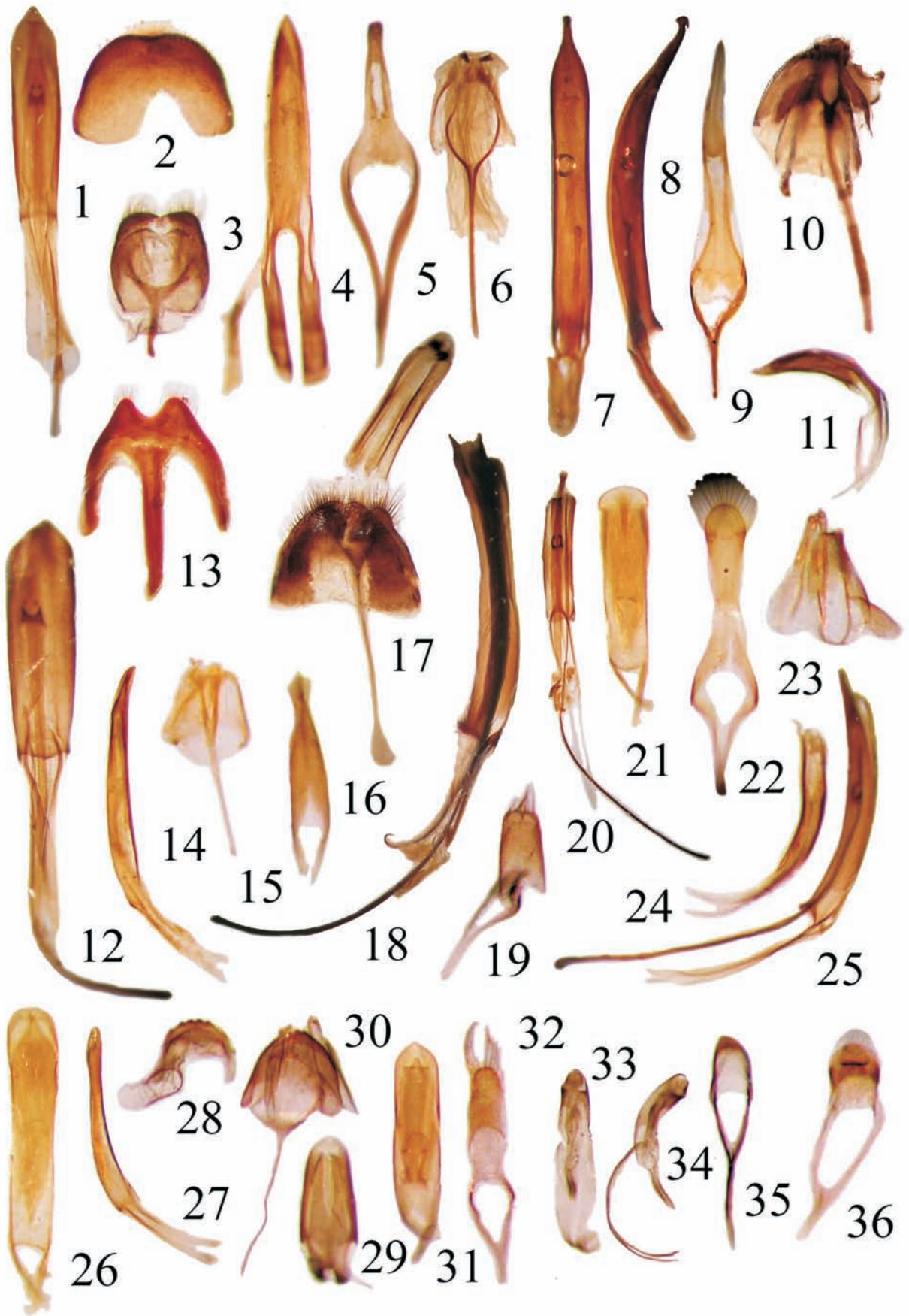
Subfamily Oxycoryninae gen. spp.: a – *Oxycorynus melanocerus*, female (dorsal view), b – *O. melanocerus*, head and prothorax of male (ventral view), c – *Hispodes spicatus* (dorsal view), d – *Oxycorynus melanocerus*, female (lateral view), e – *Parallocorynus bicolor*, male (lateral view), f – *P. bicolor*, female (lateral view), g – *P. bicolor*, male (dorsal view), h – *P. bicolor*, female (dorsal view), i – *Rhopalotria mollis*, male (dorsal view), j – *Rh. mollis*, female (dorsal view).

Представители Oxycoryninae gen. spp.: a – *Oxycorynus melanocerus*, самка (вид сверху), b – *O. melanocerus*, голова и переднегрудь самца (вид снизу), c – *Hispodes spicatus* (вид сверху), d – *Oxycorynus melanocerus*, самка (вид сбоку), e – *Parallocorynus bicolor*, самец (вид сбоку), f – *P. bicolor*, самка (вид сбоку), g – *P. bicolor*, самец (вид сверху), h – *P. bicolor*, самка (вид сверху), i – *Rhopalotria mollis*, самец (вид сверху), j – *Rh. mollis*, самка (вид сверху).



Subfamily Oxycoryninae gen. spp.: a – *Rhopalotria mollis*, female (ventral view), b – *Rh. slossonae*, male (dorsal view), c – *Rh. slossonae*, male (ventral view), d – *Rh. slossonae*, female (ventral view), e – *Alloxcorynus bruchi*, female, lectotype (dorsal view), f – *Rhopalotria slossonae*, male (lateral view), g – *Rh. slossonae*, head of male (ventral view), h – *Alloxcorynus bruchi*, female, lectotype (lateral view), i – *Aglycyderes setifer*, female (dorsal view), j – *A. setifer*, female (ventral view), k – *Proterhinus dispar*, male (dorsal view), l – *P. similis*, male (dorsal view), m – *P. similis*, female (dorsal view).

Представители Oxycoryninae gen. spp.: a – *Rhopalotria mollis*, самка (вид снизу), b – *Rh. slossonae*, самец (вид сверху), c – *Rh. slossonae*, самец (вид снизу), d – *Rh. slossonae*, самка (вид снизу), e – *Alloxcorynus bruchi*, самка, лектотип (вид сверху), f – *Rhopalotria slossonae*, самец (вид сбоку), g – *Rh. slossonae*, голова самца (вид снизу), h – *Alloxcorynus bruchi*, самка, лектотип (вид сбоку), i – *Aglycyderes setifer*, самка (вид сверху), j – *A. setifer*, самка (вид снизу), k – *Proterhinus dispar*, самец (вид сверху), l – *P. similis*, самец (вид сверху), m – *P. similis*, самка (вид сверху).



Family Belidae gen. spp.: 1 – aedeagus of *Isacantha rhynchitoides* (dorsal view), 2 – 8th sternite of male of *I. rhynchitoides* (dorsal view), 3 – 8th tergite and 8th sternite of male of *Ricnobelis metallicus* (ventral view), 4 – aedeagus of *R. metallicus* (dorsal view), 5 – tegmen of *R. metallicus* (dorsal view), 6 – female genitalia of *Agathinus tridens* (ventral view), 7 – aedeagus of *Dicordylus marmoratus* (dorsal view), 8 – aedeagus of *D. marmoratus* (lateral view), 9 – tegmen of *D. marmoratus* (dorsal view), 10 – female genitalia of *Rhinotia haemoptera* (ventral view), 11 – aedeagus of *Rhopalotria mollis* (lateral view), 12 – aedeagus of *Orthorhynchoides suturalis* (dorsal view), 13 – 8th tergite of *Dicordylus marmoratus* (ventral view), 14 – aedeagus of *Lyalixena enderleini* (lateral view), 15 – female genitalia of *L. enderleini* (ventral view), 16 – aedeagus of *Proterhinus dispar* (dorsal view), 17 – female genitalia of *Homalocerus lyciformis* (dorsal view), 18 – aedeagus of *Rhinotia haemoptera* (lateral view), 19 – tegmen of *Rhopalotria mollis* (dorsal view), 20 – aedeagus of *Rhinotia haemoptera* (dorsal view), 21 – aedeagus of *Zherichinixena nigra* (dorsal view), 22 – tegmen of *Zh. nigra* (dorsal view), 23 – female genitalia of *Rhopalotria mollis* (ventral view), 24 – aedeagus of *Proterhinus dispar* (lateral view), 25 – aedeagus of *Orthorhynchoides suturalis* (lateral view), 26 – aedeagus of *Lyalixena enderleini* (dorsal view), 27 – aedeagus of *Zherichinixena nigra* (lateral view), 28 – female genitalia of *Proterhinus similis* (ventral view), 29 – aedeagus of *Rhopalotria mollis* (dorsal view), 30 – female genitalia of *Oxycraspedus cornutus* (dorsal view), 31 – aedeagus of *Vladimirixena sumatrana* (dorsal view), 32 – tegmen of *V. sumatrana* (dorsal view), 33 – aedeagus of *Oxycraspedus cornutus* (dorsal view), 34 – aedeagus of *O. cornutus* (lateral view), 35 – tegmen of *O. minutus* (dorsal view), 36 – tegmen of *Proterhinus dispar* (dorsal view).

Представители Belidae gen. spp.: 1 – эдеагус *Isacantha rhynchitoides* (вид сверху), 2 – 8-й стернит самца *I. rhynchitoides* (вид сверху), 3 – 8-й тергит и 8-й стернит самца *Ricnobelis metallicus* (вид снизу), 4 – эдеагус *R. metallicus* (вид сверху), 5 – тегмен *R. metallicus* (вид сверху), 6 – гениталии самки *Agathinus tridens* (вид снизу), 7 – эдеагус *Dicordylus marmoratus* (вид сверху), 8 – эдеагус *D. marmoratus* (вид сбоку), 9 – тегмен *D. marmoratus* (вид сверху), 10 – гениталии самки *Rhinotia haemoptera* (вид снизу), 11 – эдеагус *Rhopalotria mollis* (вид сбоку), 12 – эдеагус *Orthorhynchoides suturalis* (вид сверху), 13 – 8-й тергит *Dicordylus marmoratus* (вид снизу), 14 – эдеагус *Lyalixena enderleini* (вид сбоку), 15 – гениталии самки *L. enderleini* (вид снизу), 16 – эдеагус *Proterhinus dispar* (вид сверху), 17 – гениталии самки *Homalocerus lyciformis* (вид сверху), 18 – эдеагус *Rhinotia haemoptera* (вид сбоку), 19 – тегмен *Rhopalotria mollis* (вид сверху), 20 – эдеагус *Rhinotia haemoptera* (вид сверху), 21 – эдеагус *Zherichinixena nigra* (вид сверху), 22 – тегмен *Zh. nigra* (вид сверху), 23 – гениталии самки *Rhopalotria mollis* (вид снизу), 24 – эдеагус *Proterhinus dispar* (вид сбоку), 25 – эдеагус *Orthorhynchoides suturalis* (вид сбоку), 26 – эдеагус *Lyalixena enderleini* (вид сверху), 27 – эдеагус *Zherichinixena nigra* (вид сбоку), 28 – гениталии самки *Proterhinus similis* (вид снизу), 29 – эдеагус *Rhopalotria mollis* (вид сверху), 30 – гениталии самки *Oxycraspedus cornutus* (вид сверху), 31 – эдеагус *Vladimirixena sumatrana* (вид сверху), 32 – тегмен *V. sumatrana* (вид сверху), 33 – эдеагус *Oxycraspedus cornutus* (вид сверху), 34 – эдеагус *O. cornutus* (вид сбоку), 35 – тегмен *O. minutus* (вид сверху), 36 – тегмен *Proterhinus dispar* (вид сверху).